The Times-Democrat

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THE FLOOD SITUATION.

An Expert Engineer Examines the Big Ice Gorge.

THE RIVER IS SUBSIDING.

The Gorge Extends About Eighteen Miles and Is Made Up Largely of Anchor Ice, Which Is Slush, Very Closely Packed.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Dec. 4.—"The river is falling at the rate of a foot per day and there is no reason whatever for apprehension," said Colonel W. A. Jones, United States army, after he had put in a busy day investigating the situation along the Chippewa river. Colonel Jones, who is in charge of the government engineering works in the northwest, had been called here by the local authorities.

He continued: "The situation of the river at Eau Claire and at Chippewa Falls is practically the same and the stage of water at Eau Claire is really the stage of the river, as the flood here is simply caused by the backwater.

"Most of the water is able to get away under the ice and the back water represents the amount of water that is unable to get away. As the stage of the river goes down more of this water will flow away under the ice and the flood here will soon be over.

"The gorge extends about 18 miles and is made up largely of anchor ice, which is a sort of slush packed closely but not so hard as ordinary ice. Under this the river is running in somewhat cramped quarters, and as the water falls more the ice will drop down into the river bed, where it is likely to stay until spring."

Snowing at Chippewa Falls.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Dec. 4.—The water has been just about 25 feet all the afternoon, but less fear is felt in regard to changes in the stage of water. It has been snowing, the ground being covered.

DARING ROBBERY.

Three Highwaymen Loot the Cash Drawer of a St. Louis Brewery.

St. Louis, Dec. 4.—Three highwaymen with drawn revolvers entered the office of the Home Brewing company and held up the cashier, Robert Haverkamp. They forced him to hand over $400 and then went behind the counter, looted the money drawers and secured probably $500 additional.

The robbery was the most daring that has occurred in St. Louis for years. When the hold-up occurred there were present in the office the cashier, a half dozen clerks and several customers.

The robbers mounted a North Broadway car and went south. When they left the car they went toward the river. A half dozen police officers hurried to the brewery office, but when they arrived there was no trace of the fellows.

Good Features of Raines Law.

New York, Dec. 4.—Nothing sensational was developed in the investigation of the Raines law. Leonard R. Welles, commissioner of police of Brooklyn, was called to the chair. The good features of the law, he said, were "the exposure of saloons, the abolition of free lunch, which had practically relieved Brooklyn of an army of tramps; raising the license, thereby wiping out a number of saloons that were more or less troublesome to the authorities. Among the bad features of the new law, I might mention that a good number of so-called hotels have been opened. Many of these are hotels only in name."

His Mission Successful.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Commissioner General Stump of the immigration bureau has made his report to the secretary of the treasury on the result of his recent mission to Rome in the interest of the proper understanding and observance of our immigration laws. The result of Mr. Stump's several conferences with the Italian authorities was the issuance by Minister Rudini of a proclamation giving in detail the provisions of our immigration laws.

The Record Fails.

Cincinnati, Dec. 4.—The Record, morning penny paper, has gone into the hands of a receiver after an existence of but two weeks. The employes have not been paid from the start.

The Spirit Hand.

New York, Dec. 4.—George F. Hanu's arm was amputated and buried. He complained that the fingers were cramped and this was found to be true. The arm has now been cremated.

No Quarrel With France.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 4.—A semi-official note has been issued emphatically denying that there has been a disagreement between France and Russia regarding foreign politics.

Prominent Theologian Dead.

South Norridgewock, Me., Dec. 4.—Rev. Benjamin Tappan, D.D., ex-president of the Bangor Theological seminary, died here after a long illness. He was 81 years of age.

Storm Damages in South.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Postoffice department dispatches indicate heavy damage wrought by the storms in the south.

WOMEN'S CONVENTION

Annual Meeting of the National Council In Boston.

GREETINGS OF DELEGATES.

Brief Remarks Were Made by Susan B. Anthony, Rev. Anna H. Shaw and Others—The Presentation of Reports.

Boston, Dec. 4.—The National council of women of the United States met here in annual convention. Mrs. Mary Lowe Dickinson, the president, occupied the chair. The presentation of reports and greetings of delegates from organizations comprising the council took up the entire time prior to adjournment for luncheon.

Among those who took part in the program were Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens of Portland for the national W. C. T. U., and Mrs. Margaret I. Sanders of Chicago for the Illinois Industrial school. Greetings were briefly presented by Miss Susan B. Anthony, Rev. Anna H. Shaw, Mrs. May Wright Sewall of Indiana, and Mrs. Willoughby Cummings of Canada.

The report of the Woman's Republican association of the United States, of which Mrs. J. Ellen Foster is president, was read by Mrs. Emily S. Chase.

STRUGGLE AGAINST SOCIALISM.

German Orators Discuss the Matter In the Reichstag.

Berlin, Dec. 4.—Dr. Von Boetticher in the reichstag said that he hoped that all who rejoiced in the achievements of the German empire would unite in the struggle against Socialism. There was no question, he asserted, of a coup d'etat, and as to dissolving the reichstag, no such proposal had ever been made.

Referring to the dockers' strike Dr. Von Boetticher said the strike in the seaports was the most unjustifiable which has ever occurred. He would pass over the suggestion of English incitement, as he did not desire to make charges against British shipowners. The co-operation of the Socialists, however, was quite evident, and as a result of the strike British workmen had come over to earn the wages which the Hamburg workers despised. All friends of the workers, he further stated, should unite in efforts to end the strike.

MRS. CASTLE'S CONDITION.

She Is Under Treatment by Specialists at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Dec. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Castle and their 10-year-old son, Frederick, who arrived in New York a week ago today from Europe, are in Philadelphia. They are staying at the home of Mrs. Castle's sister, and the object of their visit is to have the afflicted woman undergo treatment for nervous disease.

Since their arrival Mrs. Castle has been taken by her husband to a prominent private institution and she has been examined by specialists.

It is the intention of Mr. Castle to have his wife's mental and physical condition improved before starting for their home in California.

Salmon For Eastern Streams.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Under the direction of Commissioner Brice a large number of Pacific coast salmon are to be planted in the eastern waters. A fish car containing 5,000,000 eggs is now on the way east and the eggs will be planted in the Kennebec, Penobscot, Merrimac, Hudson, Delaware and Susquehanna rivers. Already 8,000 yearlings have been turned loose in the Penobscot.

Under the Snow.

Logan, Utah, Dec. 4.—Hyrum Jeppesen, James Christianson, Sr., and his son James were buried in a snow slide in Logan canon. Jeppesen finally extricated himself, but the father and son were both killed.

Towne Will Not Contest.

Denver, Dec. 4.—Congressman Charles A. Towne of Wisconsin denied the report telegraphed from Washington that he would contest the election of Judge Morris.

Ohio Postmasters.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The following Ohio postmasters have been appointed: Kinnard, Champaign county, W. S. Woodruff, St. Henry, Mercer county, H. Romer.

Mrs. Mink Dead.

Watertown, N. Y., Dec. 4.—Mrs. Sarah E. Mink, 59, national president of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Grand Army of the Republic, died at her home here.

Called by the Lord.

Orangeville, O., Dec. 4.—Mary Winter was found in her home starving and refused to eat, saying she has been called by the Lord and will obey the call.

Cold at Arcade.

Arcade, N. Y., Dec. 4.—The thermometer registered from 8 to 12 degrees below zero. This breaks the record for so early in the season.

Plenty of Snow.

Raleigh, Dec. 4.—Continuous light snow fell in this section for 18 hours. It reached the depth of eight inches.

POLITICS AT CANTON.

Congressional Matters Considered by McKinley.

MR. DINGLEY REMAINS OVER

The Opinion Prevails That the Dingley Bill Can Not Be Put Through the Short Session—A Special Session Probable.

Canton, O., Dec. 4.—Congressman Dingley remained here, owing to an attack of bronchial trouble of a nature that the physician advised against his traveling at night. He and other prominent callers, including Senator Thurston and General Stewart L. Woodford of New York, were guests at dinner and spent the evening with Major McKinley. Senator Thurston left for Washington.

Senator Mitchell of Oregon, who opened the winning campaign in that state, stated here that he expects to be a candidate to succeed himself. He was greeted cordially by Major McKinley.

The senator declined to mention any cabinet possibilities, but said if the slope was found to be entitled to a place in the cabinet he thought it should fall to Oregon as the only Simon-pure Republican state in the tier.

The best information obtainable is that the conferences related largely to congressional matters.

The consensus of opinion of those here is that the Dingley bill cannot be put through the short session and that the conditions now seem to make a special session probable.

DIRECT FROM CANTON.

Mr. Babcock Thinks the Cloth Is Cut For an Extra Session.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Representative Babcock of Wisconsin arrived direct from Canton. He expressed the opinion that there would be an extra session of congress next spring and that there would be no effort at the approaching session to pass the Dingley bill.

"The time for the passage of the Dingley bill has passed," he said. "It was framed and offered to meet a special emergency, and even if the Dingley bill were passed at the coming session, it would not obviate the necessity for an adequate revision of the tariff at some later date."

Sale of Fine Horses.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 4.—The greatest sale of thoroughbreds in the history of Kentucky took place here. The Faston company sold the horses of the Elmendorf and Beaumont studs, which brought to Lexington prominent turfmen from every section. Candlemas, the imported son of Hermit and Fuze, was the first offering, and was knocked down to John Mackay, representing J. B. Haggin, the California millionaire turfman, for $15,000. Fifty-nine head brought $83,000.

He Sweat Blood.

Kokomo, Ind., Dec. 4.—Earl Kelly, for many years a brakeman on the Clover Leaf railway, died from a peculiar malady. A week ago Kelly was found in his room alone in a dying condition. For several days he sweat blood at every pore, the life current also issuing constantly from ears, mouth, nose, eyes and intestines, the loss of blood causing death.

Denies the War Report.

Copenhagen, Dec. 4.—In the Folkething the premier, Baron Von Reedtz-Thott, replying to Herr Hage, leader of the opposition, said there was no truth in the story stating that an entente had been concluded between Russia and Denmark, placing at the disposal of Russia, in the event of her going to war with Germany, all the available forces of Denmark.

Suspicion of Murder.

Sydney, N. S. W., Dec. 4.—Two persons who mysteriously disappeared recently are believed to have been led into decoy in the bush under the pretense of prospecting for gold and murdered. One body has been unearthed at Linden.

Fraud Order Issued.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The postmaster general has issued a fraud order against C. B. Dengler of Denglers, Pa. Dengler was arrested some time ago by a postoffice inspector charged with conducting a fraudulent mail order scheme.

Sale of Gold Bonds.

New York, Dec. 4.—The Louisville and Nashville Railroad company has negotiated the sale of $3,258,000 Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington railway general mortgage gold bonds, interest reduced to 4½ per cent.

Wallace Appointed Receiver.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Thomas B. Wallace of Kansas City has been appointed receiver of the Missouri National bank of that city, which recently failed. Mr. Wallace is a prominent attorney of Kansas City.

Dividend of Hocking Valley.

New York, Dec. 4.—The directors of the Hocking Valley railroad at a meeting held declared the semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on the preferred stock.

CAPTURED SUPPLIES.

Insurgents Secure a Quantity of Ammunition From Spanish Convoy.

Key West, Dec. 4.—News has been received here that the troops of the Spanish garrison at San Jose de Lajas, 20 miles southeast of Havana, abandoned their post and joined the insurgents. Many of the citizens accompanied the troops and carried ammunition with them.

The news caused great excitement at the palace and fresh troops were immediately sent to the post and order was restored. Before the troops arrived anarchy reigned and when the troops reached the city many residents were shot down in the streets.

News from Santiago De Cuba reports that the insurgents captured an important Spanish convoy of ammunition and supplies between Bueycito and Manzanillo, with nearly 1,000,000 rounds of Mauser and Remington cartridge.

No more social or family gatherings will be held in Havana unless special orders shall be secured from the authorities. Almost all of the Cuban families are watched and the movements of foreign correspondents are reported to the police. The postoffice officials open letters indiscriminately and send them to owners without use.

EFFECT OF PROCLAMATION.

It Reimposes Tonnage Dues on Vessels Entering the United States.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The effect of the president's proclamation is to reimpose upon the vessels entering from Germany the same tonnage dues that are imposed on vessels entering the United States from Great Britain, France, Italy, Spain and other maritime nations in European Asia.

German vessels were exempted in 1888 from the payment of these dues under the shipping reciprocity act of 1886.

During the past year, at the request of the treasury department, the state department has made a full investigation into the charges imposed upon American vessels in German ports, and the fact has been developed that while the imperial government does not impose taxes on shipping, yet the governments of the German maritime states for years have imposed shipping taxes, so that there was no real reciprocity.

As a business proposition the arrangement has been considerably a detriment to the United States.

Election In New Zealand.

Wellington, New Zealand, Dec. 4.—The general elections taking place today, the premier, Hon. R. J. Seddon, issued an address to the electors. He declared it to be the duty of colonial statesmen to strengthen the hand of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, in regard to commercial reciprocity with the motherland.

A Bit of Retaliation.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The president has issued a proclamation suspending after January next the operation of the act which relieves German vessels entering United States ports from the payment of tonnage dues and other shipping charges. This action was taken upon proof that American vessels are denied corresponding privileges in German ports. The shipping charges under our laws are based on a sliding scale.

Jackson In a Trance.

Springfield, O., Dec. 4.—George Jackson, the man who drove the Pearl Bryan hack, and who is now in jail here charged with perjury, went into a trance. A physician was called and worked with him for an hour without results. The physician says that Jackson expected his attorney to secure his release, and failing to do so Jackson had a cataleptic fit. He was laid on a mat and beaten, but it didn't affect him.

Whipped by Whitecaps.

Malinta, O., Dec. 4.—Whitecappers beat James W. Sittaker of Pickaway county for living with Mrs. Philip Hess, a widow. He promised to leave, but instead he married the woman. The assailants were recognized and will be arrested.

Speaker Reed Entertained.

New York, Dec. 4.—Speaker Thomas B. Reed was entertained at luncheon here by representatives of the principal life insurance companies of the United States.

Dubois on Tariff.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Senator Dubois of Idaho arrived. In reply to a question as to the attitude of the silver Republicans on the tariff question, he replied that he had no opportunity to consult with other senators, but that so far as the Dingley bill was concerned he did not believe there was any show of its passage.

Stuffed the Payroll.

Buffalo, Dec. 4.—Eugene W. Harrington, deputy city comptroller, has been arrested on a charge of grand larceny. An investigation had shown that Harrington had been "stuffing" a payroll. He is a relative of Mayor Jewitt.

Gracious Act of a Newspaper.

Baltimore, Dec. 4.—Seven children who were bitten by a mad dog in the suburbs of Baltimore Tuesday were sent to the Pasteur institute by the Baltimore News.

Highest of all in Leavening Strength.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

They Want Cooper.

Sacramento, Cal., Dec. 4.—At the California Fruit Growers' convention a resolution was adopted and ordered forwarded to President-elect McKinley asking him to appoint Elwood Cooper of Santa Barbara secretary of agriculture. Cooper is owner of a large olive orchard and is a pioneer in olive culture.

Miss Willard's Announcements.

Boston, Dec. 4.—Miss Frances E. Willard, president of the World's W. C. T. U., has announced that the annual convention of the national and dominion unions will be held the last of October and the first of November, 1897, in the order of precedence, the National in either Buffalo or Detroit, and the Dominion in Toronto.

An Ohioan Suicides.

Mt. Clemens, Mich., Dec. 4.—Charles Bevins of Canton, O., manager of the Mt. Clemens and Lakeside Traction company, here committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart.

New Incorporations.

Columbus, O., Dec. 4.—The Liberal Unitarian Society of Cleveland, O.; the Deutscher Krieger Verein of Cincinnati, O.; the Star Socials, Hamilton; the Watch Mission, Ashland.

HANDKERCHIEFS!

Our Handkerchief counters are already assuming a busy appearance. We are offering Handkerchief values that are considered above the average by experienced buyers. A larger variety than at any other store is here to select from.

Feldmann & Co.
213 N. MAIN ST.

Ladies' Gaiters

At 25, 39 and 48c. They cannot be duplicated anywhere in the city for the price.

OVERCOATS AT $5.00

IS NOTHING RARE.

A Good Overcoat at $5.

Such as ours at that price, are worth looking for.

We want you by all means to look at our

$5.00 Special,

And compare them with others, and then act!

Mild weather and too heavy a stock forces us to sacrifice our Honest Merchandise for your hard cash

Better Overcoats at $7.50, $10.00 and $12.00

All our 8.00, 7.00, 6.00 and $5.00 Reefers go at

. . $3.98. .

OUR LOSS, YOUR GAIN.

LOEWENSTEIN BROS.

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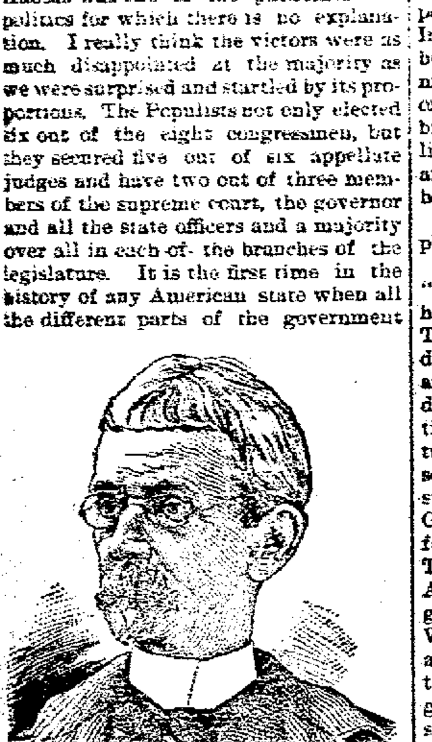
A TALK BY INGALLS.

INTERESTING INTERVIEW WITH THE CELEBRATED KANSAN.

Thinks Silver Is a Dead Issue—Says the Populists Have a Stupendous Problem In Kansas—Republican Party Has a Tremendous Task Ahead.

Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls spent a day recently in Denver on his way to Wyoming to fill lecture engagements. The senator was in his usual fighting trim and expressed himself freely and forcibly concerning the recent election in Kansas and the great sociological questions that are occupying the public mind.

"I spent four months or more campaigning Kansas for the Republican ticket," said he, "but the result showed that I might as well have been somewhere else. The Populist victory in Kansas was one of the phenomena of politics for which there is no explanation. I really think the victors were as much disappointed at the majority as we were surprised and startled by its proportions. The Populists not only elected six out of the eight congressmen, but they secured five out of six appellate judges and have two out of three members of the supreme court, the governor and all the state officers and a majority over all in each of the branches of the legislature. It is the first time in the history of any American state when all the different parts of the government



EX-SENATOR INGALLS.

have passed into the hands of a party which proposes to reorganize society. It is a great responsibility, but I am not sure but that it is the best thing that could have happened.

"The developments will be quite interesting," remarked the reporter.

"Yes, from a sociological point of view, the situation in Kansas will be very interesting. It is the only state that has ever submitted to a trial of those stupendous problems with all the resources in the hands of the people who want to make the experiment. In Nebraska the Republicans hold the courts and I think here in your state, under the reign of Waite, there were barriers. The Kansas test will be an example of what may be expected if the Populists gain control. Kansas has been the ground for experiments in morals and politics for a quarter of a century, and it seems destined to lead in this."

"What is the Populist programme?" was asked.

"It is very extensive," replied the senator. "How far they will be able to put it into operation depends upon the harmony that may be brought about among elements somewhat discordant. The more violent of them contemplate a war of spoliation against society based upon practical confiscation and a redistribution of assets of the community. It includes war on railroads and other corporations, the abolishment of laws for the protection of creditors and a redistricting of the state for congressional and legislative purposes that will retain the party in the possession of power for an indefinite period."

"Are you alarmed at the prospect, senator?"

"No, I don't regard the situation with any great alarm," replied he. "I have great confidence in the capacity of the people for self government, and the ultimate appeal to reason and fair play is a distinguishing characteristic of the Anglo-Saxon race. The possession of power makes men conservative, and my impression is that the incorrigibles and implacables will be restrained and prevented from carrying out anything like the revolution indicated in the platform. The man who was elected chief justice was formerly a Republican. He is a man of high private character and professional attainments, but he is an avowed socialist. In his speeches he declared that the users of property had rights paramount to the owner and said if he was elected chief justice he would search the precedents of a thousand years to find some law for the poor man."

"The election of 1896," remarked the visitor, "contained many phases not covered by the silver question. It was the attempt of the laboring and producing classes to readjust themselves to changed and changing conditions. Silver, in my opinion, was merely a symptom. There are 100 causes for the spirit of unrest. How to meet these problems is a question that is going to test the statesmanship of the future. The right to life and liberty and the pursuit of happiness is at stake. In fact, it is the greatest problem that has ever faced any people, but I believe the Republican party is equal to the emergency. Democracy and Populism have both been tried and found wanting. The Democrats offered free trade in 1892 and Bryan offered free silver in 1896. The American people refused to accept the situation offered by Mr. Bryan."

"Silver will win in four years, will it not, senator?"

"No; I cannot say that it will. If the Republican party does not find some remedy for the evils, some other party will step to the front. Trusts? We hear a great deal about trusts. Nobody hates trusts more than I. Mr. Bryan and his advocates all forget to say that there is a law now in existence which aims to strangle all trusts. The law was the creature of Mr. Edmunds, the most practical legislator of the age. Edmunds strangled polygamy to death, and he formulated the antitrust law. Mr. Olney and Mr. Harmon have failed to prosecute offenders under the law, and it remains for the Republican administration to take hold and carry out the law.

"The money power in its organized capacity had just as much to do with the campaign of Mr. Bryan as it had to do with the campaign of McKinley. There is no more gigantic trust on the earth than the silver trust, and the silver mine owners were all supporting Mr. Bryan. A trust is a thing that knows no politics but plunder and no principles except spoliation of the human race. It is puerile to say that the election was bought with money. The proportions of the victory repel such an idea. In any event I cannot bring myself to believe there was any more open use of money on the side of Mr. McKinley than on the side of Bryan. The fact is the brains of the country are in the Republican party. It is the party of progress and aggressiveness, and always has been."

"Aren't the socialists becoming unpleasantly aggressive?" was asked.

"Purely arcadian," was the reply. "A lot of dreamers, sentimentalists who have visions, but nothing practical. They are the St. Johns of the political dispensation, crying in the wilderness, and some time, as Emerson says, the dreamers of yesterday become the realities of today and the statutes of the future. The dreamers are like the Garrisons and Beechers of the war, but when strong men are needed Lincolns and Grants appear and carry the projects forward to a final accomplishment. There will be no bloodshed, for the American people are too capable of self government. They are a people of peace. We talk about solving a problem. It is a mistake. Lincoln never moved until the people were ready. Nobody solves a governmental problem. The problem solves itself. Under this government a man is entitled to the fullest use of his powers as long as he uses his powers honestly. The question is not whether a man shall make $100,000,000, but whether he shall be entitled to bequeath $100,000,000 to his son. The right to tax, in the opinion of the supreme court, is the right to destroy. When it comes to a question of leaving a vast fortune to a son, the society may have something to say in order to insure its own preservation."—Rocky Mountain News.

TREED BY A BEAR.

Terrible Experience of a Schoolteacher In Sullivan County.

Lucretia Ritter, a pretty little schoolteacher of Sullivan county, N. Y., had a terrible experience recently. She is in charge of a country school in a lonely portion of the Shunk mountains, in the vicinity of Elk lake, and boards at a farmhouse over a mile distant. For convenience the young teacher has been accustomed to take a short cut through a lonely woods, thus saving herself a long walk.

As she was traversing the path on her way to the schoolhouse she observed what she supposed was a yearling calf lying directly in her path. She bravely waved her lunch basket to scare the animal, but was almost petrified with horror when she discovered that it was a full grown bear. The bear made a rush for her, and the girl in her fright climbed partly up a crooked tree. To add to her terror, her clothing became fastened to a broken limb of a tree, and the frightened girl was unable either to ascend or descend. The bear in the meantime had devoured her lunch basket and the flowers off her hat, which were dropped during the girl's flight.

The bear kept the girl a prisoner for over three hours and was finally frightened off by the arrival of Farmer Swartz. After Miss Ritter had been released from her perilous position she fainted and was carried in Swartz's arms to her boarding house, a distance of almost a mile. She is entirely prostrated since her terrible experience, and it is feared that the shock may prove fatal.—Philadelphia Times.

Wants Everybody Registered.

Dr. Arthur McDonald, the Washington criminologist, thinks that every man, woman and child in the country should be measured according to the Bertillon system and the resulting data preserved by a government bureau, with branches in every township. This, he says, would not only almost put an end to crime by making detection practically certain, but it would be of service in scores of ways among perfectly respectable people, like lawyers, bankers, insurance men and all others to whom questions of identity are of great importance.

Gold In Illinois.

It has been discovered that a gold mine lies underneath Cairo, Ills. At the artesian well which Major E. W. Halliday is sinking quartz was brought to the surface which shows unmistakable signs of gold. The find was made at a depth of 753 feet. Jeweler John A. Miller examined some specimens and is positive that the yellow streaks contain gold. It is thought that at some point in southern Illinois the stratum may be reached nearer the surface, so that mining may prove profitable.

A Physician's Novel Plan.

A New York physician who has a large office practice has a simple but effective plan for the entertainment of waiting patients. He has provided half a dozen ingenious puzzles, which are strewn carelessly around on the tables and on the mantel in the waiting room. Frequently there will be a score of persons in this room, and for some of them, especially the nervous ones, the waits would be very fatiguing if it were not for the little jokers.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE WAIF'S OPINION.

Thought People Who Worked For Nothing Were Fools.

One were the modest lassie of the Salvation Army, the other the ragged raiment of the street waif. Both were girls, and both were selling papers. They came together on a Market street corner. The newsgirl eyed The War Cry lassie for a minute or two, and then sidled slowly up to her.

"How's biz?" she asked.

The girl in the blue uniform and poke bonnet looked at the little tot in surprise.

"Not very good," she answered after a moment.

"Folks ain't buyin de poipers very swift, eh?"

"I'm not selling many War Crys, if that is what you mean."

"Does yer have ter stay out till yer sells 'em all?"

"No, I don't have to, but I generally do."

"Take yer a long time ternight, eh?"

"Yes. I will be out very late, I expect. I'm awfully tired too."

That seemed to determine something the ragged one evidently had been turning over in her mind.

"I only got a couple more poipers left meself," she said, "an if yer don't mind I'll help yer out."

The novelty of the proposition or a desire for assistance caused The War Cry lassie to accept the proposition, and half of the Salvation papers were turned over to the newsgirl. The latter started in to work vigorously, and pretty soon had the other girl's papers going like hot cakes. Ragged newsgirls don't often peddle War Crys, and the people she approached appreciated the fact enough to avail themselves of the opportunity.

In perhaps half an hour the ragged one returned to The War Cry girl minus papers, but with a little fist full of nickels.

"Say," she said, "it's dead easy! Wish't I could sell 'em all de time. Is dere much in it?"

"Oh, my, no!" The War Cry girl explained. "I don't get paid anything at all."

The "newsy's" eyes opened wide in surprise. Then she voiced her opinion:

"Den yer mus' be as easy as sellin de War Crys was. I'm goin now. Goodby!"—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Chinese Are Self Helpful.

The percentage of foreigners in our hospitals, asylums and penal institutions is overwhelming. But the Chinese make little call upon us for philanthropy, and that only for medical help. Little by little these people are coming to see the superiority of our medical treatment, and in cases of severe sickness they will sometimes turn to our hospitals for help. But they ask no other aid from us. If a Chinaman needs any monetary assistance, his countrymen help him without burdening our public philanthropies. It is not uncommon for the men of one clan or friends from different clans to band together to establish a loan fund, every man giving so much toward it week by week. This is loaned to needy men without security or interest, and when repaid it is loaned again, and thus many a man is carried through a sickness or set up in business, and outsiders are none the wiser.—"The Chinese of New York," by Helen F. Clark, in Century.

Consoling.

Suburban (entering station in a hurry)—Was that my train?

Ticket Seller—It was only the bell announcing the departure of your train. If you hadn't stopped to ask the question, I have no doubt you might have caught it. Too bad, isn't it?—Boston Transcript.

You Can Be Well

When your blood is pure, rich and nourishing for nerves and muscles. The blood is the vital fluid, and when it is poor, thin and impure you must either suffer from some distressing disease or you will easily fall a victim to sudden changes, exposure, or overwork. Keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla and be well.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

For Hoarseness.

Benj. Ingerson, of Hutton, Ind., says he had not spoken above a whisper for months, and one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar restored his voice. It is used very largely by speakers and singers. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts.

Grippe Cured.

"Last winter I had a bad cold and severe cough. I was lame in every joint and muscle. I was sick and felt as though I was coming down with typhoid fever. It was no doubt a bad case of grippe. Mr. E. P. Budge gave me a bottle of Brazilian Balm, saying he was sure it would help me. The relief was almost instantaneous. It quickly stopped my cough and took the grippe with all the pains and soreness out of my system. I gave the balance of the 50-cent bottle to Mrs. Bishop Wiley for her daughter. It proved so beneficial she says she never intends to be without it."—Edwin Fitz Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

Will Mrs. McKinley Have Some One to Assist Her In Her Duties?

While the politicians are devoting themselves to a discussion of the probable composition of the next cabinet their wives are speculating with equal interest on the subject of the social and domestic administration of the White House.

On account of Mrs. McKinley's invalidism it has been thought likely by many that she might be averse to undertaking the personal discharge of her duties as the president's wife and might call to her assistance some friend or relative. Those who anticipate anything of the sort do not know Mrs. McKinley, whose indomitable will, tact and capacity enable her to rise superior to the physical weakness to which she is subject.

That she has gone through the late campaign, when there was barely a corner in her house to which the public had not access, without breaking down is in itself a tribute to her powers of endurance. As for her present illness, it is probably due to exposure during the last trying weeks rather than anything else. At the White House receptions Mrs. McKinley will be obliged to sit in a chair, but aside from this she will conduct the affairs of that institution with the same charming grace that characterizes her administration of the smaller affairs in her present home.

Mrs. McKinley is fortunate in having the companionship of Mrs. Heistand, the wife of Captain H. O. S. Heistand, who has been assisting Major McKinley in a confidential capacity during the last few months. The Heistands are regular army people who met the McKinleys in Columbus five years ago. Captain Heistand was then the inspecting officer of the Ohio national guard. When Major McKinley retired from office, Captain Heistand secured leave of absence and went to Canton, where he has remained ever since. His wife has relieved Mrs. McKinley somewhat of the labors imposed upon her by the constant presence of thousands of visitors.

It is shrewdly suspected that after the inauguration the Heistands will be located in Washington and will be much at the White House. The captain is an agreeable man of the world and his wife a talented and attractive woman.—Chicago Tribune.

HAS TO MAKE A LIVING.

A Story of Francis Wilson and a Hawkshaw From Yonkers.

Francis Wilson says many funny things on the stage, and he seems to recognize a good thing when it is said. I have therefore wondered whether he has ever told of his meeting with the chief of the Yonkers police department when that Hawkshaw was engaged in the solving (?) of the Andrus bomb mystery. It happened this way:

Wilson, who has a delightful little cottage in Mount Vernon, came across to Yonkers the day after the mysterious death of Mr. Andrus and accompanied by a friend entered the police headquarters. He was anxious to see the fragments of the bomb and whatever else the police had found on the scene of the crime. There were a number of New York newspaper men present at the time.

"Captain Mangin," said the friend, "I want to introduce you to Francis Wilson."

"Happy to meet you, Mr. Wilson."

"Mr. Wilson," said the friend, "is curious to see the evidence you have collected in the Andrus case."

"Certainly, Mr. Wilson," and Captain Mangin displayed the fragments of the bomb and the splintered desk under which it had exploded. Then an idea struck him.

"Do anything in the detective way, Mr. Wilson?"

"No, hardly," and the actor and his friend soon left the police station.

"Now, I wonder," said the worthy Hawkshaw, as the door closed behind his visitors, "what that Mr. Wilson wanted to see those things for. I wonder if he lives here in Yonkers."

"Why, that's Francis Wilson, the actor," suggested one of the newspaper men present.

"Actor, is he? Well, I s'pose he's got to make a living somehow."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Pugs In Their Glory.

The end of the century pugilist seems to be on velvet in the metropolis of this glorious country. Sporting men and all admirers of the manly art in New York are much pleased with Commissioner Roosevelt's ideas on boxing. They regard it as the very best thing that could have happened for the sport. They say there never will be any brutality in a well regulated contest. But while Commissioner Roosevelt and Dr. Parkhurst say they are in favor of boxing contests and regard them as a manly sport there are several ministers who are condemning the game in vigorous terms. In spite of the division of clerical opinion, however, pugilism will have a great run in Gotham. New clubs, formed to meet the requirements of the Horton law, are springing up all over town.—New York Cor. Pittsburg Dispatch.

Chinese Newspaper In Chicago.

Chicago has a newspaper printed in the characters of the Chinese language. The first issue made its appearance on Nov. 14. It is a four page sheet, published by Wong Chin Foo at 253 Dearborn street, and is called The Chinese News. It will be printed semimonthly. It was entered in the postoffice as second class matter. The only English type used in the paper is a replication of the title and the names of the advertisers at the head of their respective advertisements.

A New College Building.

The Ohio university located at Athens is to have a new four story administration building, to be erected at once upon the site formerly occupied by the college chapel.

WHY SUFFER

Aches and Pains when a Simple Remedy will cure you in a very few minutes?

All manner of aches and pains, external and internal, yield to the healing and soothing qualities of Lightning Hot Drops, whether of sciatic, neuralgic or rheumatic origin. Toothache, earache, faceache and headache can all be quickly and easily cured by the use of this wonderful remedy. It also cures corns, bunions, chilblains and frost bites.

Lightning Hot Drops is certainly a grand thing to have in the house. It is a pleasant remedy to use, and is wonderfully effective in all the minor ills of man and beast. It is always ready for external and internal use, and when sweetened the little folks like it. And it affords such a quick and complete release from the pain and misery of wounds and acute disorders and all sorts of aches and pains that after we have once got acquainted with its work we buy it again and again. Briefly speaking, Lightning Hot Drops prevents or cures all disorders of the stomach and bowels.

Lightning Hot Drops kills any ache or pain, external or internal.

Lightning Hot Drops heals any kind of flesh wound, old sores, etc.

Lightning Hot Drops neutralizes the poison of the bites of animals, snakes, insects, etc.

Lightning Hot Drops cures corns, bunions, chilblains, frostbites, etc.

And then Lightning Hot Drops only cost 25c a bottle.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 5912.

Ex. Doc. 9. Page 243.

B. S. Porter & Son, Plaintiffs, vs. Pauletta Kemper, Defendant. } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Ohio and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, in the wareroom of B. S. Porter & Son in the rear of No. 141 south Main street, in the city of Lima, Ohio, on

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10th, A. D. 1896.

At 10 o'clock a. m., the following described goods and chattels, to wit:

One (1) Everett piano, number 19680.

Taken as the property of Pauletta Kemper.

Terms of Sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen county, Ohio.

Brotherton & Brotherton, plaintiffs' attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 5610.

Ex. Doc. 7. Pages 175-376.

The Ohio National Bank, of Lima, Ohio, Plaintiff, vs E. L. Goodnow, Defendant. } Allen Common Pleas

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio and to me directed I will offer for sale, at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 23, A. D. 1897.

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate on south Jackson street, in the city of Lima, Allen county State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

In-lot number twenty-five hundred and ninety three (2593) in Goodenow's addition to Lima, in said county and State.

Appraised at $150 00.

Terms of sale: Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, November 25th, 1896.

Hoagland & Creps, attorneys for Gus Kalb.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 5862.

Ex. Doc. 8. Page 18.

Hyde & Brooks, Pl'tiff, vs. Catharine Coates, et. al. Def'ts. } Allen Probate Court.

By virtue of an order of sale issued from the Probate Court, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 26, A. D., 1896,

Between the hours of 1 o clock and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate on west Spring street, in the City of Lima, Allen County, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

In ot number one thousand, three hundred and twenty-six 1326 in Collet and Thomas' addition to the City of Lima, in Allen County, Ohio

Appraised at $1,800 00.

Terms of Sale:—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, Nov. 18, 1896.

Motter & Mackenzie, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Legal Notice.

Rachel McGee, residence unknown, will take notice that on the 20th day of November, 1896, George McGee filed his petition in the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio praying for a divorce from said defendant being case number 5834, on the ground of willful absence from plaintiff for more than three years last past.

Said cause will be for hearing as soon as may be after six weeks from the 20th day of November, 1896, and said Rachel McGee is notified to appear and answer to said petition or judgment may be rendered against her.

GEORGE McGEE.

Adkins & Klatte, attorneys for plaintiff.

Confessed.

Hobson—Where did you go this morning?

Mills—I went to a loan exhibition.

Hobson—Ah! Did you contribute anything?

Mills (sadly)—Yes, my watch.—*New York Journal.*

Baby Screamed One Hour. One Dose Brought Smiles.

MASSILLON, O., Nov. 6, '95.—Hand Medicine Co.—"I cheerfully bear witness as to the virtues of Dr. Hand's Colic Cure. Our baby, now nearly four months old, suffered much from colic. After having screamed with pain for over an hour we came upon Dr. Hand's Colic Cure and gave her a dose of it. In five minutes after taking she is all smiles, and at night we all sleep. Mrs. F. L. Traphagen, 46 W. Charles St." All druggists, 25c.

The person who disturbed the congregation last Sunday by coughing is requested to call on H. F. Vortkamp n. e. cor. Main and North sts., and get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar, which always gives relief.

SPECIAL MASTER'S SALE

Martha Kouseulp, administratrix of the estate of ... Kouseulp, deceased, Plaintiff, vs. The Ohio Southern Railroad Company et al, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the decree of the Court of Common Pleas within and for the county of Allen and State of Ohio, entered in the above entitled cause, I, J. T. Adams, the Special Master designated by said decree, will sell without appraisement at public auction, to the highest bidder or bidders, at the east door of the court house in the city of Lima, county of Allen, state of Ohio, at one o'clock p. m. on Thursday, the 31st day of December, 1896, the property mentioned in the said decree, and thereby directed to be sold, to wit:

All and singular, the line of railroad of the said defendant company extending from the city of Springfield, in the county of Clarke, in the State of Ohio, through the counties of Clarke, Madison, Fayette, Highland, Pike, Ross, Jackson, Gallia, and Lawrence in the State of Ohio and all branches, additions and extensions pertaining thereto, connecting the extension from the city of Springfield northward through the counties of Clarke, Champaign, Logan, Shelby, Auglaize and Allen, and also an extension known as the Cincinnati Extension, connecting with the Ohio Southern main line at Jeffersonville, Fayette county, Ohio, and extending thence southwesterly being in the counties of Fayette, Greene and Clinton; also the Columbus Extension, so called, extending from the town of Jeffersonville northeasterly in the counties of Fayette, and Madison, and also an extension known as the Cornelia Extension, and extending in and through the town of Wellston, and into the coal fields in the southwestern part of Vinton county, Ohio, and being in the counties of Jackson and Vinton, in the State of Ohio, and all other branches, additions and extensions pertaining to or belonging to, or in which the said Ohio Southern Railroad has any interest, legal or equitable, and includes all its railroads, ways, rights of way, station grounds, tracks, sidings, bridges, buildings, stations, viaducts, culverts, engine houses, car houses and other houses of all kinds, and of rolling stock and in trust rolling stock, tools, machinery, implements, fuel, supplies of all kinds and property, real, personal or mixed, of all kinds and descriptions and wheresoever situated, the said property being more particularly described in the said decree now on file in the Clerk's office of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, State of Ohio, being intended hereby to include all the property, rights, privileges, franchises and immunities of every kind and description particularly described in the said decree and in the order of sale issued to the undersigned as such Master, and to which reference is here made.

Said sale will be made subject to the following charges and claims thereon:

First, the Receiver's certificates issued pursuant to the orders of said Court of Common Pleas, and which shall be outstanding and unpaid at the time of the confirmation of the sale herein announced.

Second, a mortgage of trust already made by the Ohio Southern Railroad company on the 23d day of May, 1881, to the Central Trust Company, of New York and covering the property aforesaid for the security of $4,000,000—four million dollars—of bonds of the denomination of $1,000—one thousand dollars—each, dated May 23d, 1881, and payable in gold coin of the United States on the first day of June, 1921, at interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of December and June of each year.

Third, all claims of intervening claimants now pending in said cause and undetermined which shall be finally adjudged to be valid claims against the said The Ohio Southern Railroad Company and liens upon the property above described, or some part thereof, superior to the lien of the second mortgage for the foreclosure of which said decree was taken.

The said property shall be offered and sold as one parcel and as an entirety. No bid shall be received at said sale for the said property for a less sum than $200,000—Two Hundred Thousand Dollars—nor shall any bid be received from any bidder who shall not place in the hands of the undersigned, or deposit with him at the time of making the bid, as a part of said bid and a pledge that such bidder will make good his bid if accepted by the Court, the sum of $15,000 00—Fifteen Thousand Dollars—in money or certified check or certificate of deposit of the amount, to the satisfaction of the undersigned as Master. Such deposit shall be received as a part of the bid of the successful purchaser, and any deposit made by any bidder who shall not become the purchaser to be returned to him, and upon such deposit being made by the highest bidder the Master will report the same to the Court as a part of the purchase price, or the balance of the purchase price shall be paid from time to time as the Court shall direct. The balance of the purchase price not required to be paid in cash either by the deposit aforesaid or by order of the Court but may be paid by surrendering to the undersigned outstanding second mortgage bonds and overdue coupons pertaining thereto, the same to be received in satisfaction of payment of purchase price at such value as shall be equivalent to the amount that the holders thereof would be entitled to receive thereon in case the entire purchase price were paid in cash.

For the further and more specific description of the property and for the further and more particular designation of the directions and conditions of the said sale, reference is hereby made to said decree.

JOHN T. ADAMS, Special Master.

Butler, Stillman & Hubbard, of New York, and Doyle & Lewis of Toledo, attorneys for the Central Trust Company.

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.

In pursuance of the order of the Probate Court of Allen County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1896.

At 1 o'clock p. m., at the east door of the court house in said County and State, the following described real estate, to wit:

Inlot number nineteen hundred and forty seven (1947) in Burns' addition to the City of Lima, Ohio. Appraised at $350 00

Also inlot number sixty one (61) in the village of Elida in Allen County, Ohio. Appraised at $700 00.

Also a lot situated in the village of Elida, Allen County, Ohio: The west half of inlot number eight (8) in said village. Appraised at $1,000 00

Also a tract of land described as follows and situate in said County of Allen and State of Ohio, to-wit: Being a part of the southeast fraction of section seven -7-, township three -3-, south range six -6-, east, and more minutely described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of lot number fifty-six -56- in the village of Elida, thence south four and one half degrees west one chain and seventy-eight links to the southwest corner of said lot number fifty-six -56-, thence north sixty-one and one half degrees west along the railroad five chains and sixty six -66- links thence north two degrees, east one chain and twenty links thence north one and one half degrees, east five -5- chains and sixty-five links to the northwest corner of lot one hundred and thirteen -113- in said village of Elida, thence south to the north east corner of said lot number fifty-six -56-, thence west one chain to the place of beginning, containing one and twenty-six hundredths acres, except two town lots next adjoining inlot number one hundred and thirteen on the west now owned by J. Morris. Appraised at $100.00.

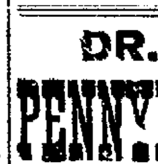
Terms of sale:—Cash

STEPHEN D. CRITES.

As Assignee in Trust for the Benefit of the Creditors of Jasper N. Morris.

Hoagland & Creps, His Attorneys.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS



The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. SEND FOR CIRCULAR. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00

DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

H F Vortkamp, n e cor Main and North streets

A Handsome Complexion is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

"I want some more" OLIVER TWIST

Two pounds of H-O equal three pounds of any other kind of oatmeal.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4.

One Night Only!

A CARNIVAL OF FLOWER FEAST OF MAGIC MIRTH MYSTERY.

Mr. Edward E. Bloom has the honor to present The Sure to Monarch of Wizards,

BANCROFT THE MAGICIAN.

In his Marvelous, Magical Feats, Spectacular of Phenomenon. Production Illusions No such Bewildering Scenic Effects have ever been before presented It comprises

2—Sixty-Foot Carloads—2

AND REQUIRES

26—People to Present It—26

Prices 25, 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats at Box Office

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE.

ONE NIGHT,

SATURDAY, DEC. 5th.

THE MERRY COMEDY.

"Doctor Bill."

From the Garden Theater, N. Y.

CELIE ELLIS

AS MRS. HORTON.

A Beautiful Play! Delightful Music! Pretty Stage Pictures! Perfect Company! See the Popular Kangaroo Dance.

Prices as usual. Seats at Box Office.

LOCAL TIME CARD

Giving time of departure of trains from the various depots at Lima, Corrected June 22, 1896:

P., Ft. W. & C. R. R

No. 4—Going East	Daily		7 45 a m
" 38— "	"		8 30 a m
" 30— "	"	ex. Sunday,	3 15 p m
" 5— "	"		9 36 p m
" 2— "	"	Limited	10 50 p m
" 30—Going West	"	ex. Sunday,	9 20 a m
" 9— "	"		2 50 p m
" 31— "	"		3 44 p m
" 15— "	"		3 00 a m
" 5	"	Limited	3 33 a m

C., H. & R. R.

" 7—Going South,	daily		2 25 a m
" 11— "	"	ex. Sunday	5 45 a m
" 1— "	"	" "	9 29 a m
" 5— "	"		12 48 p m
" 3— "	"		4 05 p m
" 13—	arrive daily	ex Sunday	7 15 p m
" 61— "		Sunday only	7 15 a m
No. 12—Going North,	daily		1 35 a m
" 14— "	daily	ex. Sunday	6 23 a m
" 2— "	daily	ex. Sunday	8 25 a m
" 6— "	"		12 25 p m
" 4— "	"	ex Sunday	4 35 p m
" 10— "	ex. San.	arrive	8 50 p m
" 60— "	Sunday only		7 45 a m
" 62— "	"	arrive	10 30 p m

L. E. & W. R. R.

No. 6—Going East,	daily ex. Sunday		7 20 a m
" 4— "	" "		1 45 p m
" 2— "	" "		7 20 p m
" "	Sunday only		7 00 a m
" "	Return		9 30 p m
" 1— "	West	"	9 35 a m
" 5— "	"	" "	4 50 p m
" 3— "	"	" "	2 45 a m

O. & E. R. R.

Local—Going East,	daily ex. Sunday		7 00 a m
No. 3— "	" "	"	3 30 p m
" 8— "	" "	"	9 02 p m
" 12— "	" "	"	2 46 a m
Local— "	West, "	"	7 00 a m
No. 1— "	" "	"	9 23 a m
" 5— "	" "		11 23 a m
" 3— "	" "		12 37 p m
" 12	" "	" Monday	5 30 p m

OHIO SOUTHERN.

Leaves		Arrives
8 20 a m	Daily, except Sunday	11 05 noon
3 35 p m	" " "	5 05 p m

LIMA NORTHERN.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2—Express, leaves		5:10 p m
No. 12—Local "		7:30 a m
No. 20—Mixed "		11:15 a m

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1—Express, arrives		9:35 a m
No. 21—Local. "		1:00 p m
No. 19—Mixed.		9:00 p m

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY.

CH&D

CINCINNATI INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

Excursions via C., H. & D R. R. Co.

Hunters' Rates.

The C, H & D Ry will sell hunters' tickets at very low rates to the North and West.

Settlers' One Way to the South

On the first and second Tuesday each month a very low rate via C, H & D Ry.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates.

Sunday rate on the C. H & D. R R. will be one fare for the round trip to all points

H. J. McCURE, Ticket Agent.

DIDN'T FIND HIM.

Detective Blaize Looking for a Man Wanted for Embezzlement.

Detective Blaize returned yesterday from Beaver Dam, where he was sent in search of a man named H. C. Hobart, who is wanted at St. Joseph, Mich., on a charge of embezzlement. Hobart's father-in-law is a prominent physician located at Beaver Dam, and it was thought that Hobart would be found there, but Blaize learned that he had not been at the home of his father-in-law for about five years.

Meeting of the Bimetallic League.

There will be a meeting of the Allen County Bimetallic League in the assembly room of the court house, Monday evening, Dec. 7th. R C. Eastman will address the league. This is the first of what will be a long series of meetings, and everybody is invited. Those who oppose bimetallism are especially invited.

R C. EASTMAN, Pres.
C. H. ADKINS, Sec'y.

Humane Society Notice.

There will be a meeting of the Humane Society in the Board of Education rooms to-night at 7 o'clock.

MRS GERMANN, Sec.

TESTIMONIALS

From Citizens of Pennsylvania who Have Been Cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Mr. W. W. Spillen, drug clerk, with J. W. McConnell, Parnassus, Pa., says: "I was out all one night last winter and contracted a severe cold. I was so hoarse for a week I could hardly speak. Knowing how well customers of our store spoke of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, I concluded to try it. One-half of a bottle cured me entirely."

J. A. Van Valzah, Hughesville, Pa., says: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has proven so valuable that I do not hesitate to recommend it to anyone."

Dr. F. Winger, Ephrata, Pa., says: "Mr. J. D. Kline, a cigar maker of this place, reports a complete cure of his cough with a 50 cent bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy after he had tried others which had failed." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner, C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

Bancroft, the Magician.

The most remarkable innovation ever recorded in the history of magical entertainments and one of the most elaborately spectacular scenic productions ever seen upon the stage, comes to the Faurot opera house Friday evening, Dec. 4, when Magician Bancroft unfurls his wealth of beautiful canvas and gives free reign to his imps of bewilderment and mystery in his wonderful production of magical feats, occult surprises and spectacular illusions.

Bancroft's incomparable sleight of hand feats, his extraordinary ingenuity in inventing new deceptions and his wit and fascinating manner as an entertainer have earned for him the title of "America's first conjurer," while his wonderful spectacular scenic embellishments have created a veritable sensation wherever he has appeared. He comes to this city fresh from his studies in the occult lore of India where he has been spending the summer, and carries with him his gorgeous production intact which he has been presenting in the great metropolitan centers of this country. He has divided his performance into four divisions, similar to a dramatic entertainment, and carries all the scenery for the four elaborate sets. His production cost over $100,000. It requires two baggage cars to transport it. His company numbers twenty-two people. It is promised that every act and feat of Bancroft's performance is novel and the entertainment as a whole an absolute novelty and an incessant cause for admiration of the beautiful and surprise at the mysterious. Theatregoers are promised a rare treat in this performance and an amusement that amuses.

Bancroft will exhibit here a number of Hindoo "miracles" which he discovered in India.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples; chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge.

For news read the TIMES-DEMOCRAT, which publishes all the news while it is fresh. The only real newspaper in Lima. Compare it with any other local paper published in Ohio and the verdict will be "The TIMES-DEMOCRAT leads them all." Everybody takes it. Ten cents a week delivered at your supper table six nights a week.

For Kidney Troubles

There is nothing better than Foley's Kidney Cure. Everyone who tries it will agree to this. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts.

TIRESOME,

But the Grocer Will Do It at Times.

It is rather discouraging to one in search of a good healthful breakfast beverage, when coffee don't agree, and after having carefully investigated the facts about Postum Cereal coffee, to have the grocer advise some "cereal coffee" "just as good as Postum," and find a cup of weak, insipid and flat liquid served at breakfast, when a palatable beverage was expected.

If Postum is absolutely insisted upon the grocer will furnish it, but it is not as profitable as the imitations. It is quite safe to say that there is but one toothsome, delicious and pure cereal coffee, and that has a trade mark registered in the United States Patent office as "Postum Cereal." A package will be sent by mail post for 25c by the Postum Cereal Co, Lim., Battle Creek, Mich.

There is but one genuine original Postum Cereal coffee, with a multitude of imitations offered as "just as good."

"Chinese Cheap Labor" In America.

Of late years there has been a constant cry against "Chinese cheap labor." Whatever may have been the price put upon Chinese labor when the great railways of the west were built by these people, today it is evident to all who have studied the question that there is no such thing as "Chinese cheap labor." Chinese laundries charge higher rates than domestic laundries. Chinese laundrymen command higher prices than laundresses of other nationalities. A Chinaman earns ordinarily from $8 to $10 a week and his board and lodging. The white or colored laundress makes from $4 to $10 a week without board or lodging. The Chinaman works from 8 o'clock in the morning until 1 or 2 o'clock at night. Sometimes he washes, sometimes he starches, sometimes he irons, but he is always at it, not tireless, but persevering in spite of weariness and exhaustion. Other laborers clamor for a working day of eight hours. The Chinaman patiently works 17, takes care of his relatives in China, looks after his own poor in America and pays his bills as he goes along.

In the Chinese store $10 per week is the lowest sum paid for a man of all work. In a Chinese restaurant the lowest wage paid to a kitchen boy is $25 per month and board. Chinese cooks will not go to American families for less than $40 per month, and they rarely ever stay for that sum. This, then, is Chinese cheap labor—a cheap labor of which ordinary people cannot avail themselves.—"The Chinese of New York," by Helen F. Clark, in Century.

Two Big Oaks, the Sisters.

On the banks of Cooper's creek, about four miles from Camden, N. J., two very large white oaks stood. The property was once owned by Mr. Kay, who named them for his two daughters. These trees survived the family so long that the writer was unable to learn the names given them, and the trees seem to be the only memorial of the family. One was prostrated by a strong wind about two years ago. The one still standing measures 20 feet in circumference, in height about 75 feet, and the branches extend from the trunk about 35 feet each way. The fallen one was 17 feet in circumference, and 216 fence-posts were cut from the branches. We think the practice of planting and naming trees as memorials an estimable one, and a tablet giving the date of planting should be attached.—Rodolfus Bingham, Camden, N. J.

The attaching of the names of friends to trees is a pleasant practice. This can be done either by planting a tree especially for the person or by associating the name with one already growing. The Herne of Shakespeare did not plant the oak, but Herne's oak is just as famous as if it had been planted for him or by him. It is to be regretted that the name of the lady who was associated with this grand old oak cannot now be given. Certainly it would add materially to its interest. A white oak is a pleasure in itself.—Meehan's Monthly.

Power Over Animals.

It is a curious thing the power which some human beings have over animals. There is in Lowell a boy, differing in no respect from his companions, who has this power in a marked degree. Every stray dog or cat in the neighborhood knows him and loves to be in his company. A vicious horse which the stableman can with difficulty handle will stand like a lamb while he harnesses and unharnesses him. The doves fly around him, and in the woods the wild birds apparently regard him as a friend and ally.

The most remarkable exhibition of his power, which has long been known and commented on by his friends, was given the other day. A large and vicious rat was captured in the stable in one of those traps which permit of easy ingress and no egress. The men who were looking at the animal were afraid to go near the trap, the animal showed such terror, but the boy, when he beheld the imprisoned creature, fearlessly put out his finger and stroked its head, the rat manifesting as much pleasure as would a cat or dog.—London Star.

The Water Lily.

Several specimens of water lilies have the very curious peculiarity of blooming all day, and at evening closing their blossoms, and, by retracting the stem, drawing the flower entirely under water. There is no more singular fact in the history of flowers than this oddity of the water lily.

Ptolemy, king of Macedon, was the Thunderbolt, from the vigor of his military movements.

THE OLD WAY

Of Treating Dyspepsia and Indigestion by Dieting a Barbarous and Useless One.

We say the *old* way, but really it is a very common one at present time and many dyspeptics and physicians as well consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to diet, either by selecting certain foods and rejecting others or to greatly diminish the quantity usually taken, in other words the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been proven time and again, but still the moment Dyspepsia makes its appearance a course of dieting is at once advised.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting or starvation to a man suffering from Dyspepsia, because indigestion itself *starves* every organ and every nerve and every fibre in the body.

What the Dyspeptic wants is *abundant nutrition*, which means *plenty* of good, wholesome, well-cooked food and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it. This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's Dyspepsia tablets are adapted and this is the method by which they cure the worst cases of Dyspepsia, in other words the patient eats plenty wholesome food and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets *digest it* for him. In this way the system is nourished and the *overworked stomach rested*, because the tablets will digest the food whether the *stomach works or not*. *One* of these tablets will digest 3,000 grains of meat or eggs.

Your druggist will tell you that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the purest and safest remedy sold for stomach troubles and every trial makes one more friend for this excellent preparation. Sold at 50cts. for full sized package at all drug stores.

LEAPED TO HER DEATH.

Wealthy Lady of Hillsboro, O., Suicides In New York.

Hillsboro, O., Dec. 4.—Mrs. Eliza H. Cummings, 55, a wealthy woman of this city, committed suicide by jumping from the sixth story of the Hotel Empire, New York, where she was a guest.

Mrs. Cummings went there three weeks ago, accompanied by her brother, Thomas Hilden, and his two daughters. Mrs. Cummings, who had been demented for some time, was being treated by a specialist, and a trained nurse was in constant attendance upon her.

While Mr. Hilden and his daughters were at breakfast Mrs. Cummings contrived to elude her nurse and escaped to the hallway. Then she climbed to the sixth floor, walked to the rear of the corridor, opened the window and jumped from the fire escape. She landed headforemost between two piles of stone. Her death was instantaneous.

Marries His Leading Lady.

Philadelphia, Dec. 4.—E. H. Sothern, the actor, and Virginia Harned, his former leading lady, were privately married in this city this afternoon. The ceremony was performed at St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal church, and the rector, Rev. Dr. Mortimer, officiated. Mrs. Carl of New York, a sister of the bride, was the only outsider present.

Curry's Fine Not Remitted.

New York, Dec. 4.—The board held an executive session and prepared several decisions. The application of Jack Curry for release from the $500 fine imposed upon him by the judges at Belmont park, Philadelphia, for driving of the pacer Joe Patchen in 1895, was denied.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Dec. 3.

New York.

Beef—Family, $9 00@10 00; extra mess, $7 00; packed, $8 00@9 00. Cut meats—Pickled bellies, 4½@5½c; pickled shoulders, 4c; pickled hams, 8½@9c. Lard — Western steam, $4 20. Pork—Old mess, $8 25@8 75; family, $10 50@11 00; clear, $8 75@10 00.

Butter—Western dairy, 8@13c; creamery, 13½@22c do factory, 7@12c; Elgins, 22c; imitation creamery, 9@11½c. Cheese—State large, 7½@10½c; small, 7½@10c; part skims, 3½@4c; full skims, 2½@3c. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 22@25c; western fresh, 15½@24c.

Wheat—87½@88½c. Corn—29c. Rye—47½@48c. Oats—23c.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime heavy, $4 50@4 70; good, $4 25@4 40; tidy butchers', $3 90@4 10; fair to good butchers', $3 75@4 00; bulls, stags and cows, 2 00@3 40.

Hogs—Prime pigs, $3 55@3 60; light Yorkers, $3 50@3 55; common to fair Yorkers, $3 40@3 45; best medium, $3 50; heavy, $3 30@3 40.

Sheep—Choice lambs, $4 75@5 00; common to good lambs, $3 50@4 65; veal 3 60; good, $3 35@3 40; common to fair, $2 00@3 10.

Chicago.

Hogs—Light, $3 25@3 50; mixed, $3 20@3 50; heavy, $3 00@3 45; rough, $3 00@3 15.

Cattle—Beeves, $3 45@5 45; cows and heifers, $1 60@4 05; Texas, $2 80@4 15; stockers and feeders, $2 75@3 90.

Sheep—Steady; lambs weak.

Wheat—80⅜c. Corn—23½@23⅝c. Oats—18⅝c. Rye—41c.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 95c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 21½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 19@20c. Rye—No. 2, 40c.

Lard—$3 80. Bulk meats—$4 12½. Bacon, $4 87½@5 00.

Hogs—$2 50@3 45. Cattle—$2 25@4 50. Sheep—$2 00@3 50. Lambs—$3 00@4 65.

Buffalo.

Cattle—None on sale.

Sheep and Lambs—Best lambs, $4 85; sheep, $2 50@3 75; common to fair, $2 65@3 15; handy wethers, $3 75@4 00.

Hogs—Yorkers, $3 55@3 60; pigs, $3 80@3 90; mixed, $3 45@3 50.

Toledo.

Wheat—95½c. Corn—23c. Cloverseed—$5 35.

GOSSIP ABOUT HANNA.

He Leaves For Washington to Confer With Senator Sherman.

Cleveland, Dec. 4.—Chairman Hanna expects to start for Washington at noon, and it is believed that upon the result of the talk with Senator Sherman, which he expects to have, will depend the filling of two places in the cabinet of President-elect McKinley.

While Mr. Hanna will not carry with him an offer of the secretaryship of state to Senator Sherman, he will at least be commissioned to ask the senator if he would accept the place if it was offered to him. It is said now that Mr. Hanna was offered the treasury portfolio while at Canton, and that he does not desire to accept it. His decision is said to have been withheld until he discovered whether Senator Sherman would accept a cabinet place, thus leaving the way open for Mr. Hanna to go to the senate.

Libel Suit Continues.

Berlin, Dec. 4.—The trial of Herr Leckert, Baron von Leutzow, Herr Ploetz, Herr Berger and Herr Foerimer, the journalists, who are charged with libeling Count Botho zu Eulenberg, Baron Marshal von Bieberstein and Prince Alexander von Hohenlohe, was resumed. Prince Alexander von Hohenlohe, Baron Marshal von Bieberstein, Privy Councillor Holstein and Counsellor of Legation Hamann were in attendance as witnesses.

Contracts For New Lake Boats.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 4.—A survey of the contracts for new shipping to be built on the great lakes this winter shows that vessels aggregating $2,285,000 in value have been ordered. Seven steamers and nine barges are to be built, with a carrying capacity on a draft of sixteen feet of over 61,000 tons.

Divided First Money.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 4.—The three days' live bird shoot at the Interstate fair grounds ended. In the sweepstake match, $100 entry, between Fulford, Brewer, Elliott and Class, Elliott and Brewer each killed 96 birds out of 100 and divided first money.

Official Vote of Bay State.

Boston, Dec. 4.—The official canvass of the vote for president in this state shows that 278,976 ballots were cast for McKinley, 105,711 for Bryan and 11,749 for Palmer. McKinley's plurality 173,265, against a plurality for Harrison in 1892 of 26,001.

She's a Jewel.

New York, Dec. 4.—Angie Whiteford, 20, daughter of the chief of police of Loraine, O., came here to marry a clerk in a bric-a-brac store. He insisted on their living together without marriage and she called on the police for protection.

Colonel Mapleson's Troubles.

Boston, Dec. 4.—As a result of the trouble in the orchestra of Colonel Mapleson's Imperial Grand Opera company the bill for the remainder of the week has been cancelled. The differences with his musicians could not be adjusted.

NO HUMBUG HERE.

Lima Indorsement Is What Counts with the Public.

You can't fool the public all the time.

They will find you out at last.

Every time a man is fooled

Another skeptic is made.

Many the remedy that makes the skeptic.

It fails to keep its promises.

Doan's Kidney Pills bring renewed faith

They cure the skeptic.

Plenty of proof of this at home.

Lima proof for Lima people

Our citizens say they cure backache,

Cure urinary disorders,

Cure sick kidneys.

Experience has taught that this is so.

Conviction for every sufferer,

In the testimony of friends and neighbors.

Mrs. Wm. Boynton, residing at No. 126 south Pierce street, went to W. M Melville's drug store, at No. 147 north Main street, and procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. Read her experience. I have had kidney trouble for over ten or twelve years and during that time I have suffered more or less with dizzy pains in my head, aching in my kidneys, with pains shooting upwards towards my shoulders or downward through my hips. I could usually sleep well, but after any extra exertion or excitement my back would ache nights and prevent me from sleeping. There was an inclination to urinate frequently and I would have to get up many times during the night. Mornings I would be tired out and there was much soreness or lameness in my back. Though I have so far taken but one box of Doan's Kidney Pills I am feeling ever so much better. They have done me the most good of anything that I have taken. I can sleep all night now and I do not have that lingering pain in my back. I feel that the chronic pains and aches are leaving me and that it is due to Doan's Kidney Pills. I have no objection to your using my name as one who can, from my own experience, highly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills and vouch for their being what they are represented.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers: price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, DOAN'S; take no other.

He Had Tried It.

Hayseed—Where is the durn gas light in my room?

Hotel Clerk—You will find the electric light near the window.

Hayseed—Do you mean that old fish hook in a glass? I turned the crank and the fish hook got red hot. Then I shut her off for fear it might burst.—*Harper's Bazar.*

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LIMA, Ohio.

The situation is not helped any by the rumor that 3 Hanna insists on having Sherman's place in the Senate.

Ohio aspirants who are after federal offices will make a mistake if they leave Foraker out of their calculations. At the proper time Foraker will pull that "written agreement" on McKinley and dictate the appointments

The Cincinnati *Record*, a new paper started about ten days ago to fill a "long-felt want" and to reform the municipal government in Cincinnati, made an assignment yesterday. The country has too many half starved newspapers now, and ventures of capital in new publications will usually result in financial disaster. The people of the country have no use for useless articles whether they be newspapers or mules.

The Cincinnati *Record*, which turned up its toes to the daisies after a precarious existence of about ten days, avowed its intention of reforming the corrupt administration in Cincinnati, and lived less than a week after making that declaration. Imagine the herculean task of trying to reform Cincinnati's municipal administration when George B Cox and his pals control it, and have a Republican majority of 4,000 behind them.

When an Indiana man gets hold of an office he will not relinquish it until he is compelled to do so. The Hoosier rightly regards an office as a good thing to have in the family, and he manifests a thoroughly commendable tendency to retain it to the last gasp. Even the abolition of the office will not always compel an Indiana man to yield up his grip on it without a struggle.

A case of this sort is reported from Anderson, Ind. Two men held offices which have been abolished, with the understanding that the incumbents should serve out their term. The terms have expired and the offices are supposed to be extinct, but the officials do not look at it in that light. They continue to do business at their old stand, and they point to the law, which says their terms do not expire until men duly elected shall qualify for the offices. As the positions have been annulled, it is impossible to elect new officers, and the defendants have life jobs if their ingenious theory is correct.

The singular case has been carried to court. Eminent attorneys have been retained, and Indiana justice will have to say whether or not men can hold offices which have been annulled.

The Lima *Gazette* announced with a great flourish of trumpets several weeks ago that the O B. Selfridge factory was about to start up, and attributed the resumption of labor there to the effect of McKinley's election. The cheerful idiot who sends stuff to the Associated Press, and who is a McKinley Republican with official aspirations, sent out word that the above factory was about to start as an evidence of the boom of prosperity which was to follow the success of the single gold standard people. The editor of the *Gazette* was informed that the starting of the wheels in the Selfridge factory was not due to any McKinley boom, but was to make up some handles sold a year ago, and which were to be used in the European trade, and were to be shipped direct from Lima to the foreign ports, and that not one of them was to be used in an American tool. But the editor of the McKinley paper did not dare correct the false impression he had so earnestly endeavored to create, and said nothing. We wish to now notify him that the shovel handle factory in Sidney, Ohio, making the same line of goods as made by the Selfridge factory, has shut down since McKinley's election, and will probably not resume work for a couple of months. The owner is a stalwart gold Republican, but he cannot detect in the present conditions any evidence of the promised boom. They make handles only for the American trade—and there is now no American trade. For the Sidney handle factory to be shut down in December is unprecedented in the history of the shop. This is usually one of the busiest months in the year in that business, but the single gold standard policy has knocked the life out of the handle business just as it has out of every other. But the editor of the Lima Gazette will not tell his readers about the Sidney shop. Now will it tell them about the Piqua rolling mills. It is easy for our contemporary to publish fairy tales about numerous factories starting up in remote places, but it is the shops close to home which tell the true story of the business condition, and these facts our neighbors attempt to conceal.

TAXING WOOL IMPORTS.

Wool is a material of the first necessity. It is essential to the bodily comfort of the greater part of the people of the United States. It should be one of the last things touched by the hands of the taxgatherer. It does not lend itself with facility to the theoretic advantages supposed to be derived from protective legislation, as will be seen by the following extract from the *New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin*:

The imposition of a duty on wool would make the tariff more strongly protective than the present law and would yield more revenue. But it is quite uncertain whether a duty higher than that of the McKinley law would afford more revenue. It might; the McKinley law seems to have somehow favored the importation of wool, though it designed by an increase of the tax to keep wool out. It is worth while to observe the following figures of the importations of wool and manufactures of wool for the past eight years, during which period three tariffs have been in force:

Year.	Wool.	Manufac'tures of Wool.
18[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Average five years, 1885-89	15,182,443	44,476,936
1890	15,28 ,083	56 582 432
1-91	16,231,372	41,060 080
1892	19 6*8 108	35 585 879
1893	21,064 180	38 048 615
1894	6,107,438	19 439 372
1895	25,656 421	36,54 ,084
1896	32 451 242	53,494,193

In 1890 and preceding years the tariff of 1883 was in operation; the next four years were under the McKinley law, and the last two under the Wilson law. It will be observed that the importation of woolen manufactures, which compete with the domestic industry, and of wool which is used by the domestic industry, rise and fall in substantial accord. In 1894 there was a very small importation of manufactured goods, but in spite of this our own mills bought very little foreign wool, though for three years previously, and under the McKinley tariff, their importations of foreign wool had been increasing. There has since been a great increase in the importation of the manufactures of of wool, but at the same time there has been a large increase in the importation of the raw material by our own manufacturers The importation of the manufactures of wool in 1896 is much in excess of the importation of some previous years, but it is less than the importation of 1890; it is but a trifle more than the importation of 1889. and it is 20 per cent. more than the average importation for five years, 1885-9, which, in view of the increase of population, in nearly ten years is not excessive, as the increase of population in the ten years between the two last censuses was close to 25 per cent The large importation of raw wool in 1896 argues a considerable degree of activity on the part of the domestic manufacturers in spite of the increase in the importation of manufactured goods. —*Philadelphia Record*.

The Dervish War.

Last April the united Egyptian and British force under General Sir Herbert Kitchener began its march up the Nile. There were 15,000 troops altogether, 1,800 of them being British, the rest belonging to the reorganized native Egyptian army. The command reached Wady-Halfa, the southernmost Egyptian outpost, and there waited till midsummer to recommence the march along the upper Nile through Nubia and toward the Sudan.

The expedition consisted of two parts —a land and a river force. The river troops went up the Nile in gunboats; the land force marched along the east bank of the river. The first objective point to be gained was the Dongolas, New and Old. Both are in Nubia, on the west bank of the Nile. New Dongola is 250 miles above Wady-Halfa, Old Dongola 325 miles from Wady-Halfa. South of Nubia is that Sudan, with its city of Khartum, which was lost to Egypt in the disastrous campaign of General Wolseley in 1884-5.

The Sudan is occupied by the dervishes, or Mahdists, a sect of fierce and bloodthirsty Arabs who have the double motive of love of fight and fanaticism for their theology, saying nothing of an innate love of plunder. Their commander is at once their general and their chief priest. He is considered a prophet. If one prophet is killed or dies, another at once takes his place. Prophets are plenty among the dervishes. The Mahdist leader who has found himself so badly out in his predictions in regard to whipping the British in the recent fights at Kerma and El Hafir is named Wad Bishara. Wad is also the caliph, or khalifa, of his followers.

The dervishes were on both sides of the Nile to the south of the expedition, but most on the west bank. Their first fort was at Kerma, on the west bank, a short distance north of El Hafir. As the British approached the dervishes retreated south to El Hafir. They had transport vessels loaded with grain and food on the river and were well armed. At El Hafir they made something of a stand, and it was here that the principal fighting occurred. But they stole away in the night and left the British the empty honor of occupying their late fort. It was not, therefore, so much of a victory, after all. At El Hafir the British crossed to the west bank. The same policy of retreating southward on the part of the dervishes has enabled the British to occupy the Dongolas. Between Wady-Halfa and Dongola are the second and third of the six Nile cataracts.

The Queen.

Americans as well as English congratulate Victoria on having reigned longer than any other British sovereign ever did. If it had been a king with the blood of the Georges in his veins in her place, doubtless he would have been dead or insane long ago. But being a woman, and a very good one besides, Victoria has lived such a temperate, moral, wholesome life that it has preserved her in good health, with her mental faculties undimmed through a reign which has lasted more than 59 years and 3 months. And what changes she has witnessed during those years! The industrial arts and social and economic science have made more progress during her reign than at any period of similar length in the world's history. Morton's discovery of the use of anæsthetics in surgery was of itself enough to mark an era if there had not been so many other great things, like the utilization of electricity and the invention of farming machinery and the street car. The public school system for the children of all the people has been developed since she began to reign. France has become a republic permanently established, American slavery has been abolished, and the United States has grown from a nation with 17,000,000 inhabitants to one with 70,000,000, and not so many fools among them as might have been expected, all things considered.

European diplomacy presents a fine spectacle to civilized man at present. Russia stands behind Turkey and upholds her in her barbarities for fear if the sultan's government were dismembered England and perhaps some other nations would get a greater advantage in the divide than Russia would. While ostensibly agreeing with the other powers that the Turkish barbarities must be stopped, Russia has actually at this moment her fleet all ready to strike at any foreign ships that should bombard Constantinople. England could and would rescue the suffering Christians in Turkey, but the moment she attempted it the guns of Russia and the nations in sympathy with Russia would be turned on her. Meantime the sultan, when remonstrated with for the massacres of the Christians, defiantly replies that he will not answer for the life of a single one of them if any nation should attempt to coerce him. His devoted subjects would be so enraged that they would kill every non-Moslem in his dominions. And the ghastly game goes on.

Most Famous Woman.

She is more talked about than any other woman living. She is in the papers every day in some part of this great country, and she is almost as much in the public eye in Europe as here, though not quite, for she belongs in the United States.

On Monday she was going home in the evening about dusk, when a fellow sprang from behind a tree, knocked her down, snatched her pocketbook out of her hand and ran away with it and was never caught.

Tuesday she stepped into a drug store to refresh herself with an ice cream soda. She laid her purse down upon the counter while she sipped the cooling drink with a spoon. When she went to pick it up, it was gone. Somebody had snatched it from the counter when she was not looking.

Wednesday she was going home from the bank, where she had just drawn out $2,000. She dropped it as she stepped out of the cab at her own door, forgetting for the moment that she had it. Somebody grabbed it quick as lightning, and she mourns to this day the loss of that big batch of money.

Thursday she went down town in a car to do some shopping. She put her purse on the seat beside her for a moment, forgot it when she left the car and never recovered it. The conductor swears in the most solemn manner that he "never seen nothing of it."

Friday she went to the club. Her pocketbook was in her lap. It slid to the floor when she got up to make a motion, and in her endeavor to follow out parliamentary usage strictly she never thought of it till the clubroom was empty and swept and garnished. She never heard of it again.

Saturday she stopped a moment to pat upon the head the dearest little doggie with a blue ribbon around its neck. While she did that a bold, bad thief snatched her pocketbook and made off with it.

Sunday, when she was going to put a crisp new dollar bill into the contribution plate, she found her purse was not at all in her lap, where she generally kept it. She must have dropped it when she went up the church steps.

She is the woman who carries her pocketbook in her hand.

The Briton is a man who stands up for his rights. He prides himself on it. When two small barges coming in opposite directions arrived lately at a lock of the Grand Junction canal in Northamptonshire, the captain of each vessel insisted on going through the lock first. Both could not go at the same time. It was not a matter of great importance, and anybody with any sense would have not cared a pin whether he or the other fellow went through that lock first. But these two sturdy British captains each determined in his mind that it would be a tremendous letting down of his dignity to back out and let the other one through. So at it they went and "jawed" each other 24 hours. They planted themselves squarely opposite one another, and neither would budge. Canalboat after canalboat arrived behind each one till there were more than 100 at the scene of action waiting to get through the lock, and still neither of the obstinate fools would back off. After a whole day had passed and the hours had turned the quarter of the next one the owner of one of the barges ordered his captain to give way, and then only was the blockade broken. We have in America one creature with as much firmness as an Englishman. It is the mule.

The Manitoba school question was an important factor in turning over the Canadian government from Conservative to Liberal control. That being the case, the prospect is that the school question itself will be settled, if not to the satisfaction of all, at least so there will be no loud grumbling. The Protestants held out stiffly that there should be no division of the school fund, and there will not be. But in neighborhoods where there are as many as 50 Roman Catholic children one teacher of that faith shall be employed. If it is desired, religious instruction may be given in the schools at stated times, on petition of the taxpayers. In settlements where both English and French are spoken school instruction shall be imparted in both languages.

The gold that has been coming into the country lately now amounts to some $30,000,000. It was sent here for investment because all the good investments abroad had been already bought up and their prices were so high that it did not pay to purchase them. Gold was plenty; good investments were scarce. So European capitalists, especially those of Great Britain, turned their eyes to their old favorite, the United States, as a place to put their money profitably. After a financial movement starts the current flows on in the same direction till equilibrium is restored.

In a quiet way, not unmixed with humor, the School of Economics of the University of Wisconsin has been doing something for American municipal government. It has prepared a set of 11 questions for whom it may concern. The questions make searching and delicate inquiry into the character and fitness for their office of the city councilmen, also as to corruption in office and the too liberal exercise of the franchise granting power.

FREE SILVER!

$100

In silver to be given away by the

COLUMBIA SHOE STORE

January 1st, New Year's Day.

Get your keys now. Only a limited number of keys. A key for every one dollar purchase. The key that unlocks the safe gets the money.

GET YOUR KEYS

At our ten days' special sale.

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LIBERAL SHOE HOUSE, LIMA, OHIO.

Brazilian Balm

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALSAM!

...CURES...

Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe

LIKE MAGIC.

RADICALLY CURES

CATARRH

It clears the head of foul mucous; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and dropping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes

HAY FEVER,

making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the grippe germ and quickly removes all the after bad effect.

INFALLIBLE in ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID and SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is Inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops EARACHE in 2 minutes. Stops ringing in the head and relieves deafness. As an injection invaluable in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns like magic. Prevents lock-jaw from wounds. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND PILES.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence.

50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.

$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—*Gen. J. Parke Postles.* "In croup, cold and the worst form of gripp we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable." —*Jno. W. S. Boothe, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Bap. Ch.* "Mrs. Lore has used Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—*Hon. Chas. B. Lore, Chief Jus. of Del.* "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—*T. M. Culbert.* "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—*Mrs. John Scotten, Chester, Pa.* "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—*Judge Edward Wootten.* "I was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—*Mrs. J. Galloway, Pottstown, Pa.* "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50 cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—*Anson Burrell, aged 84.* A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

B. F. JACKSON & CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

A Startling Climax.

He was sitting in the conservatory with half a dozen adoring girls when one of them said:

"Do tell a story, Mr. Smith. You are such a good story teller that it is a real pleasure to listen to you."

"Yes, do," urged another. "Why, I've heard that you tell a story in such a realistic way that we can almost see the incident happen."

"Really," said Mr. Smith, modestly, "you give me too much credit. But sitting here as we all are reminds me of a queer experience I had in the story line on an occasion similar to this. Several young ladies had asked me for a story, and I was relating it, and when I came to the climax, 'A mouse! A mouse! Right there under your foot!'"—

But Mr. Smith had no chance to even begin his story, for, with the cry, "A mouse! A mouse!" each one of his hearers jumped up and fled from the room, and the story teller found himself, as on his first recital, without an audience.—Detroit Free Press.

Cost of Pullman Cars.

The average cost of the sleeping cars turned out at the Pullman works is $25,000, and the most expensive ones cost between $45,000 and $50,000.—Chicago Times-Herald.

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Why pay High Prices when you can buy good, heavy

CLOTHING, OVERCOATS AND UNDERWEAR

CHEAP?

Men's Overcoats at $2.00, 3.50, 4.50.

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Boys' and Children's Suits at 79c, 99c, and up to $2.00.

Men's Good Pants 75c, $1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00.

Good, heavy, all wool Underwear at 25c, 37c, 48c, 62c.

Wool Shirts at 48c, 63c, 79c.

Gloves and Mittens, 10c, 20c and 25c.

Good Scotch Caps at 23c.

Working people, we will deal with you honest and square, and give you good goods for your hard earned money.

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Ed. Wise Old Stand, Lima House Corner.

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THE CASH GROCER.

Up to Date and Destroyer of High Prices

TRY US.

All Package Coffee, 18 cents.
Lima Beans, 6 pounds for 25 cents.
Dried Corn, 6 pounds for 25 cents.
Soup beans, 2 pounds for 5 cents.
Hominy, 2½ pounds for 5 cents.
Laundry Soap, 2 for 5 cents.
Star Soap, 3 for 10 cents
Gold Dust, 4 pound package for 20 cts.
¼ sack Flour, 45 cents
4 pounds pure kettle rendered Lard, 25 cents.
2 pound box Rolled Oats, 7 cts.

WE ARE BOUND TO DOWN HIGH PRICES.

WANTED

WANTED—A good girl for general housework, by Mrs. Frank Holmes, 663 west Market street. 42 3t

WANTED—To b rrow $1,200 or $1,500 on clear Allen county real estate. B x 187, Lima, Ohio. 13*

WANTED—Two first class waist finishers to work in dressmaking establishment at Columbus, Ohio Reference exchanged good wages paid. Address Dressmaker, care Times-Democrat 41tf

WANTED—Experienced agents to solicit applications for accident and sick benefit insurance. Liberal contracts. Address Loonus & Chatterton, state agents, Bowling Green, Ohio. 3 6t

PAINT SHOP For rent in rear of Melly block. Enquire of R. W. MELLY. 329 north West street.

POLICE NOTES.

Lieut. Wingate is taking a brief vacation to visit relatives in the country near Beaver Dam.

Judge Richie, on account of an indisposition, is not in his customary place this morning Andrew S. Graham is presiding in the absence of the judge.

Robert Haines, who has had a charge of fighting against him for some time, returned to the city last night and was found by the police and taken before Mayor Baxter. He was fined $7.

Night before last a crowd of men and women took possession of a vacant house on Reece avenue, south of the C. & E., and held a dance. The citizens in that part of the city were kept awake by the carousing.

The police were notified last night that there was a woman in the street, on west Vine near Me calf, who was either beastly drunk or injured. Investigation proved that the woman had been attending a dance and was drunk.

The police have received a letter from a detective at Findlay, stating that there was a man in that city who claimed to have killed a Lima policeman some time ago. The police have no recollection of any such murder having been committed.

Mr. T. F. O'Donnell, a well known druggist of Parsons, Pa, in speaking of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy says: "Several times in the last few years when suffering with cramp or diarrhoea I have made a personal test of the value of this remedy. The effect in each instance was almost immediate relief." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner, C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

WINTER RESORT EXCURSIONS.

California and the West, Florida and the South.

Ask passenger and ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Lines about the low rate, first-class service and quick time over this reliable route. Full information free. It will pay to investigate if you contemplate a trip If not convenient to communicate with local representatives of the Pennsylvania Lines near your home, address F VAN DUSEN, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa, for desired information on the subject.

B. H OYLER,
Agent, Lima, O.

PASSENGER TRAIN.

[Continues From Eighth Page

plied with such blanks which must be duly filled up by the clergyman or others who are, under the rules, entitled to the concession, and personally signed by the applicant, after which, if found to be correct, they will endorse the application and return it to the applicant, who will forward it direct by U S. mail to F. C. Donald, Commissioner of the Central Passenger Committee, Monadnock building, Chicago, Ill., accompanied by a remittance of fifty cents, necessary to defray the large additional expense required to maintain the bureau required for the issuance of these permits.

IS THIS PROSPERITY?

The force at the Northern Ohio shops are now working eight hours a day. They have been working nine hours and the change took place today.—*Delphos Herald*

NOTES.

Supt. C. C. Reynolds, of the C. & E., was in the city yesterday.

The C. & E. people contemplate putting in some additional tracks in yards here.

Engineer Wyman, of the C. & E., is laying off. Engineer Lee is on his west local run.

J. J. Johnson, traveling freight agent for the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, was in the city this morning.

Thomas Caffery, traveling engineer of the Brice lines, was in the city yesterday, looking after Northern Ohio lines.—*Delphos Herald.*

The C, H. & D. at present is handling large amounts of iron ore brought from the upper lake regions by way of the lakes to Toledo. One entire train of 50 cars was taken south this morning by the C, H & D. people.

A small shanty which was used for the first telegraph station the Ohio Southern had at the O S and C. & E. junction, was destroyed by fire about 11 o'clock this morning. The building contained nothing of value but some switch lamps.

Another meeting in the interest of securing the Lima Northern road for Tecumseh will be held there this evening. The committee appointed to feel the pulse of the people will make its report at this time. The committee is constituted as follows: Lucius Lilley, A. W. Mills, C E. Williamson, Ben Garlinghouse, A. L Brewer, C. A. Wright, Henry Smith, R. A. Heesen, A W Slayton, John S. Temple.—*Adrian Times.*

John Martin, Fred Reed and Roscoe Hamilton, who belong to the Tramps Brotherhood, and who were arrested by detectives Wiles of the C., H & D for breaking into C, H. & D box cars at Belmore last September were tried before common pleas court at Ottawa and found guilty. They can expect to be inmates at the state prison for no short time, as Judge Sheets is inclined to be not all lenient with that class of individuals.

ALLEN LODGE

[Continued From Eighth Page]

ment as soon as possible that the matter may be pushed.

* *

The Knights of Pythias will entertain at Castle hall Friday night of next week.

* *

About one hundred young people enjoyed the skating at Hover's lake last night.

* *

The city council of Greenville is considering the question of passing a "curfew ordinance" to prohibit young girls and boys under the age of sixteen years promenading about town, or its outskirts, unless accompanied by parents or guardians. At 8 o'clock each evening, if the ordinance is passed, the "curfew bell" must ring, and every youngster under the age is expected to "skeedadle" for the parental roof.

* *

Secretary Probst, of the State Board of Health, announces that in the future membraneous croup shall be considered contagious and all cases shall be quarantined.

Do you know the quickest way to cure a sprain or bruise, a burn or scald? Such injuries are very common and can be cured quickly if properly treated. Mr. J. M Amerman, of Forks, P. O., Columbia, Co, Pa, says: "I have never found anything to compare with Chamberlain's Pain Balm for sprains, bruises and burns We have used it in our family for several years and feel that we cannot do without." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner, C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

Notice.

All photos made at Van DeGrift's up to the 20th of this month will be finished for Xmas. m w f

For news read the TIMES-DEMOCRAT, which publishes all the news while it is fresh. The only real newspaper in Lima. Compare it with any other local paper published in Ohio and the verdict will be "The TIMES-DEMOCRAT leads them all." Everybody takes it. Ten cents a week delivered at your supper table six nights a week.

And the score of last year, too, but now we'll make it more
Throw [illegible] boys, we'll lay them on the floor,
While we go marching through Harvard!

[To be sung to the tune of "Lift Up Your Heads, Ye Gates of Brass."]

Oh, mighty Pennsylvania!
Upon the football field
We'll see you stand against Harvard's band
To make sure she's yield
Hurrah for Pennsylvania!
We'll sing the joyful strain,
And down we'll drag the crimson flag
The red and blue shall reign

Oh, Harvard, you must surely know
The fate that waits you here.
You'll fall again before Old Penn,
Just as you did last year.
Your banner in the dust we'll trail
And sing when we are through
The crimson has been conquered by
The glorious red and blue.

NOW HE'S MAJOR OSGOOD.

Pennsylvania's Famous Football Player Alive and Kicking.

Captain Henry B. Osgood, U. S. A., of Boston has received word from the Cuban junta in New York city denying the truth of the rumor current a month ago to the effect that his son, Major Wm Osgood, had been cut down and killed at the head of his command in an engagement with Weyler's troops.

In the battle in question young Osgood's boot was grazed by a Spanish bullet. The ball tore off the sole of his boot, but without inflicting any wound. Major Osgood has recently been transferred from General Garcia's division to that of General Gomez. He is now in command of Gomez's artillery and has probably seen service of the most active sort during the past week.

W. D. OSGOOD.

Major Osgood, it will be recalled, is the famous University of Pennsylvania football man who went to Cuba on the Commodore with a captain's commission. Shortly after his arrival he was promoted for gallantry in action to the rank of major. By an odd coincidence his father, Captain Osgood, has also been promoted to the same grade, his commission as major in the United States army going into effect in a few weeks.—Boston Journal.

A MONSTER REVIVAL.

New York Ministers Propose to Have It Sweep the Whole Country.

More than 100 ministers in greater New York, who have been interested in the Moody and Sankey meetings, have decided to use their efforts to bring about the greatest evangelical awakening that city has ever known.

A call has been issued to all the ministers in the city to open the doors of their churches every night for revival services. It is expected that there will be more than 500 meetings a night and that the result will be the most extraordinary of modern times. It is hoped to arouse not only the great metropolis, but to have the movement radiate in every direction.

It is hoped that it will join with that now in progress in Philadelphia and sweep over the whole country. Every denomination and nearly every prominent pastor in New York and Brooklyn is interested in this movement. Mr. Moody has said that the time is ripe for it. The Rev. Dr Wilbur J. Chapman, who is among the first two or three evangelists in this country, has said so.

This feeling is born of the Moody meetings in New York city. Mr. Moody has said that they have been among the most remarkable in his experience. The Carnegie hall services on Sunday have been especially notable.

PASSING THE PLATE.

An Incident Placing Millionaire Morgan In a New Light.

J. Pierpont Morgan, the financier, has assumed his duties as warden of St. George's Protestant Episcopal church. Dr. Ramsford is the rector and among the congregation are numbered some of the wealthiest persons of the city. During the offertory Sunday Mr. Morgan rose from a seat well down near the front, and, walking up the aisle, took the collection plate and passed it.

When the great banker is in town, he is a regular attendant of this church, and as all the pews are free it is no unusual sight to see him get up and offer his seat to some belated stranger. To persons who have had business dealings with Mr. Morgan his affability and gentleness in church are a revelation.

This man, who when he is in his office denies himself to everybody, unless it happens to be a secretary of treasury, a high government official or a man well known in the financial world, is the personification of gentleness and accommodation when he enters the church door. When dealing with the congregation, there is none of that brusqueness which usually characterizes him when discussing a cold business proposition. —New York Journal.

For Private Secretary.

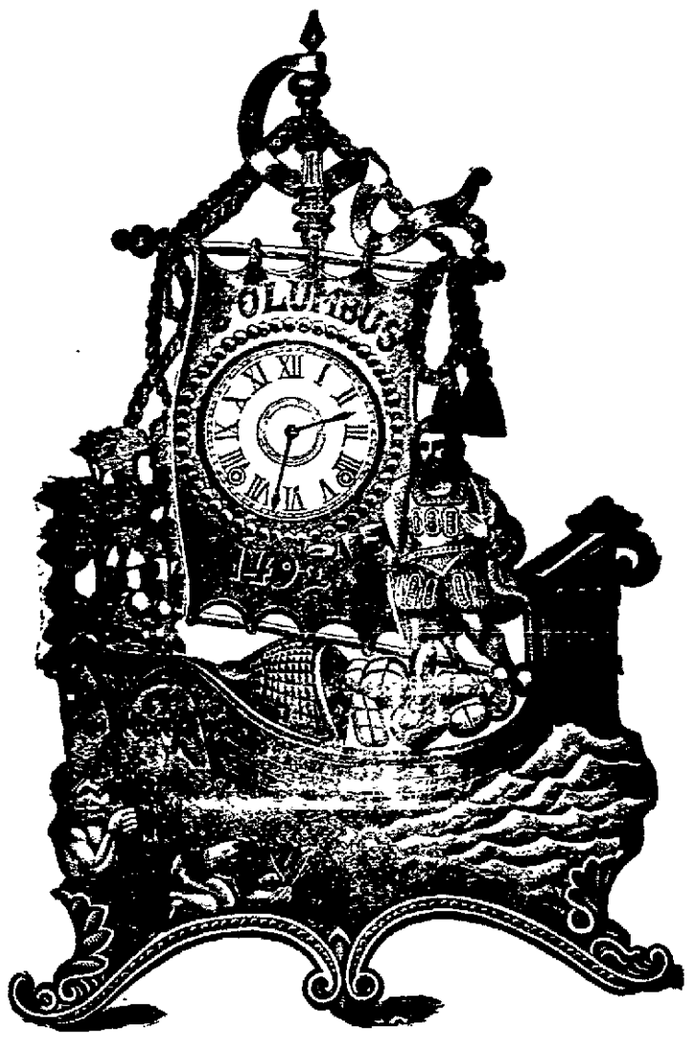
It begins to look as though Private Secretary James Boyle would succeed himself after Mr. McKinley's inauguration as president. An impression has prevailed that Mr. Boyle would prefer a British consulate, but as the supposed aspirants for the private secretaryship are decreasing in number it seems very probable that Mr. Boyle will continue to serve Mr. McKinley in a confidential capacity.

To Start For the Antarctic In July.

Naval Lieutenant de Gerlaich, the organizer and leader of the projected antarctic expedition, will start from Antwerp on July 15 on the steamer La Belgica. The expedition will be on the same lines as Wandel's arctic expedition and will take with it a perfect set of apparatus for scientific observations, together with three years' provisions.

ORNAMENTAL CLOCKS!

We have just received a full line of the latest designs in fancy and ornamental CLOCKS of various designs and material. This is a sample.



Other Designs are American, Liberty Bell, Trumpeter, Victory, The Mill, The Cottage, Etc.

FANCY HOLIDAY CHINA,

A magnificent line of Deifc and Louis XIV Ware. The colorings are superb. The designs are numberless. Plates, Berry Sets, Cups and Saucers, Bread and Cake Trays, Pickle Dishes, Bone Dishes, Pin Trays, Nut and Fruit Dishes and many other patterns. All kinds of

GLASSWARE, LAMPS, ALUMINUM WARE, ETC.

Everything to make nice presents.

HOOVER BROS.

OPINIONS OF THE FIGHT.

The Fitzsimmons and Sharkey Factions Are In Each Others' Hair.

San Francisco, Dec. 4.—The city is divided as to the result of the Fitz-Sharkey fight, which continues to be the topic of the hour. No one questions that Fitz had the fight practically won in the eighth round, and many assert that he was unjustly deprived of the decision Sharkey's friends vehemently assert that he was knocked out by a foul blow, and was consequently, under the rules, entitled to the honors of victory, including the purse of $10,000. A third class base their opinions solely upon the reports of the physicians in attendance upon Sharkey.

The doctors point to the swollen and discolored condition of the sailor's skin in the region of the groin as evidence of the foul blow, and some ardent Fitzsimmons advocates claim that this was purposely caused by an injection of a drug immediately after the fight.

Bob Fitzsimmons said, "I fell in among a gang of thieves. I came out here to San Francisco expecting to get a square deal, but I made a mistake. The referee was selected to give a decision against me, and he carried out his part of the program. I can say that I never fought fairer in my life, while Sharkey fouled me deliberately at least twenty times.

"Once in a clinch Earp tried to separate us by pressing his hand against my face. His finger nails penetrated my eye and cut the flesh on the inside of the lid."

NEARLY A TRAGEDY.

An Eloping Couple Get a Kentucky Congressman In Trouble.

Pineville, Ky., Dec. 4.—J. L. Christ and Miss Katie Emmal of Middlesboro were eloping, when Will Emmal, father of the girl, caught them just as the train was about to move off. Kate was sitting beside Congressman Colson and Emmal thought that Colson was trying to aid his daughter. Emmal began to abuse him, when Colson arose and attcked the angry father. Emmal drew a pistol, but a trainman grabbed the weapon.

Miss Emmal is a granddaughter of the wealthy banker, W. B. Emmal of Lexington. Christ is prominent in his section of the state.

Colson says that he had no connection with the elopement and he knew nothing of it until Emmal began to abuse him. Colson was on his way to Washington.

Re-Elected Officers.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 4.—The executive committee of the Union of Hebrew Congregations of America re-elected the following officers: Julius Freiberg, Cincinnati, president; Josiah Cohen, Pittsburg, vice president; Lipton Levy, Cincinnati, secretary, and Louis Krohn, Cincinnati, treasurer.

Iron Works Burned.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 4.—Fire which originated from a lamp explosion entirely destroyed works No. 2 of the Variety Iron company. The loss will be between $40,000 and $50,000, fully covered by insurance. One hundred and fifty men are thrown out of employment.

Ordered a Recount.

Dover, Del., Dec. 4.—The superior court of Delaware rendered a decision calling upon the board of canvass of Kent county to reconvene on Dec. 8 and recount the vote of that county, or show cause why this could not be done, not later than Dec. 12.

His Liberty Was Short.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 4.—Henry Lawrence, alias Lemming, has finished a six months' term in the central prison, but was immediately rearrested at the request of the police officials of Detroit for robbing a jewelry store in that city.

Will Be an Inaugural Ball.

Cleveland, O., Dec 4.—Chairman Hanna put a quietus on the report that there would be no inaugural ball at the McKinley inauguration Mr. Hanna said the time honored custom would be observed, and the ball would be given as usual.

Unofficial Vote In South Dakota.

Pierre, S. D., Dec. 4.—The official footing of the presidential vote in South Dakota is not yet made, but canvass of counties is completed. The unofficial vote is as follows: McKinley 41,042, Bryan 41,224, Levering 550.

Grinning Human Head.

Pawtucket, R. I, Dec 4.—When the Consolidated express arrived here from Boston the head of a man was found on the cowcatcher. The eyes were open and the lips drawn back, showing the teeth in a ghastly grin.

Fraud Is Alleged.

West Union, O., Dec. 4.—R. H. Oursler, Republican candidate for commissioner, has filed notice of contest against M. H. Newman, Democrat, who was elected by four votes. Oursler alleges fraudulent voting.

Daughter of the Revolution.

New York, Dec. 4.—Mrs. Elizabeth C. Wilson, widow of Henry Wilson of St Louis, died at Mont Clair, N. J. She was 65 years of age. Mrs. Wilson was a daughter of Judah Champ of revolutionary fame.

One Better.

An Englishman was boasting to an American that they had in the British museum a book which was once owned by Cicero.

"Oh, that ain't nothin'" retorted the American. "In the museum in Boston they've got the lead pencil that Noah used to check off the animals that went into the ark."—Woman's Journal.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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Rev. A. M. Shimer, [illegible] Maple St., Des Moines, Ia., writes: "Myself and family have used your Dr. Kay's Renovator and we regard it as a very excellent medicine. Its peculiar action upon the stomach and its effect upon the general system is very satisfactory. I have been troubled for a number of years with INSOMNIA and have used various remedies without little, if any beneficial effect until I commenced using Dr. Kay's Renovator. Now I sleep sweetly."

Dr. Kay's Renovator

is a positive cure for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Headache, Nervousness, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Diseases. Sold by druggists at 25 cts. and $1, or sent by mail by Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb. Send stamp for FREE SAMPLE and Booklet.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

HARLEY PHARMACY, LIMA, OHIO

THE HORSE.

How an Equine Friend Was Regarded and Treated In Ancient Times.

It is perhaps small matter for wonder that the nations who first turned the horse for riding attached high honor to the creature, seated on whose back they secured with such swiftness. The exhilaration of riding is one which custom does not stale and which affects the civilized rider of today, if he be of an emotional nature, probably almost as keenly as it did the ancient Scythian, German or Slav. In addition to this, neighboring races who had not this art looked upon those who had it with a kind of superstitious wonder, weaving strange stories about them. The horsemen of Thessaly appeared to the other Greeks through a mist of fables as centaurs, half man, half brute, but wholly divine. And in the frank fashion of all primitive people the horseman gave back to the horse the glory that he received reflected from it and made of his comrade in war and chase a kind of deity.

The ancient Germans took oracles from white horses, just as the Egyptians did from their sacred oxen. The animals were kept in groves and gave augury by neighing. Among the Slavs the sword combined with the horse to foretell future events. The weapons were planted in the ground, and the horses led among them. By the movements of the beasts the attending priests judged the will of the gods. Among the Norsemen the sacrifice of a horse and the eating of its flesh was a token of sacramental allegiance to Odin.

Among the ancient Irish, when a king was crowned in Ulster, it was customary to slay a white mare and boil it in a vat. Into this vat the newly made king descended and there sat, drinking the broth and tasting small portions of the meat. The eating of horseflesh was so well recognized as a heathen rite that the early Christian saints forbade it to their converts. Among the Scythians the horse was deemed sacred to the sun, and its worship crossed the Himalayas and was early established among the Rajput kings.

Next to a human being, who probably was, as a matter of fact, never sacrificed in ancient India, the horse was the most acceptable offering to the gods. It is laid down in the Puranas that the sacrificer of 100 horses ousts Indra, the king of the gods, from his throne and reigns in paradise (swarga) in his stead. There is no record, however, of any one having earned this surpassing felicity. Kings, on attaining the throne, usually sacrificed a horse, their tributary princes performing the more menial duties connected with the aswamedha (horse sacrifice). Indeed, even the office of porter in this solemn rite could only be assumed by one of royal blood. One of the books of the great Hindoo epic, the Mahabharata, contains an account of the ashwamedha held by Yudhisthira, king of the Pandus, when he had, by the defeat of the Karavas, firmly established his rule over northern India. The sacred horse was turned loose to wander wherever it listed for a year, while the loyal army followed it everywere at a respectful distance. Other tribes whose pastures it crossed were given the option of either turning out in force to join the triumph of the horse or of accepting wager of battle. At the end of the year the horse was led back to the palace and there sacrificed.—London Standard.

Neighbors Only.

A car was going through the Lasalle street tunnel, says the Chicago Tribune, when the conductor began to collect the fares. About half way down the car sat a prim, elderly woman. Beside her was a curly headed boy, with a mischievous expression in his blue eyes. The woman paid her fare. The conductor hesitated.

"That boy's over age, madam," he said.

"What do you mean?" she asked.

"He's over 5 years old."

"Why, I guess he is," she said, turning around and looking at him. The boy laughed.

"And he takes up a seat the same as bigger folks," the conductor went on.

"So he does," replied the lady.

"Madam, you'll have to pay his fare."

"I don't see why," indignantly.

"He's your boy, and"—

The small boy could no longer restrain himself.

"I don't belong to her," he said, laughing, and he gave the conductor his nickel, but the woman somehow didn't seem to enjoy the mistake.

SONGS OF FOOTBALL.

INTERESTING FEATURE OF EVERY BIG GAME.

Ballads Manufactured by Loyal College Poets to Urge on Their Team to Victory or Rally Them In Defeat—Some of the Best That Have Been Sung This Season.

One of the most interesting features of all the big football matches and one in which many of the spectators take as much interest as in the game itself is the cheering and singing of college songs that goes on before and during the progress of the game. Every year before a game the poets of the different colleges set to work to evolve new songs to inspire their teams on to victory.

This year the number of songs has been more profuse than ever, and much time was spent by the students in learning the words and airs of their new ballads. Here are some of the lyrical gems at the Yale-Princeton game in New York. The Yale men sang this to the tune of "Hold the Fort:"

Line up, rushers; line up briskly;
Line up with a will!
We have always beaten Princeton,
And we always will.

CHORUS.

Hold the ball, for Hinkey's coming;
Flacks will signal still;
Benjamin goes through the center—
Win we must and will!

Baird will try in vain to drop kick;
Chadwick rushes through;
Hildebrand is run for Rodgers;
Cochran's looking blue.

Bass and Connor tackle surely,
One at either end;
Chamberlain holds fast at center;
Murray will not bend.

Murphy makes a hole at tackle;
Hine will make his gain;
Princeton tries to stop Yale's rushes,
But she tries in vain.

Line up, rushers; line up briskly;
Line up with a will!
We have always beaten Princeton,
And we always will.

Another song given with a ring goes to the air of May Irwin's song, "The New Bully." These are the words:

Have you heard about Old Eli? He's just come to town.
He's round about Manhattan field to throw Old Nassau down.
He's looking for the Tiger. It must be found.
He's a battle scarred old hero, and he don't allow
Any Jersey jangled Tigers with him to raise a row,
For he's going to catch the beast and tame him now!

CHORUS.

Then we'll give a cheer for Yale, Yale, Yale, Yale!
Then we'll give a cheer for Yale, Yale, Yale, Yale!
Then we'll give a cheer for Yale!
We're looking for the Tiger, to twist his tail!

When this song is sung by a chorus of Yale voices, the air will vibrate:

Eleven sons of Eli, dressed in quiet blue,
They're here to lick the Tiger, and you bet they'll do it, too,
For when they get the ball they will go right through!
It's hard to tell who is the best, they're all so very fine,
And Princeton's men will know it when they try to buck our line
To find that they are blocked there every time.

[Air—"Oh, Give Us a Drink, Bartender!"]

Oh, rush them along, Old Eli, Old Eli,
As you did a year ago,
For you know that we're all behind you, behind you,
And will cheer you as you go!
Our stone wall line they can never open,
Our backs go easily through,
So give three cheers for our sandy captain;
Three cheers for the boys in blue!
Brek-ek-ek-ex, ko-ax, ko-ax,
Brek-ek-ek-ex, ko-ax, ko-ax,
Oh-op, ch-op—
Parabalon—Yale, Yale, Yale!
Rah, rah, rah, rah, rah, rah, rah, rah, rah, Yale!

Princeton had some favorites which she sang with a will, notably the old song known by every true son of Old Nassau, "The Orange and the Black," as follows:

Although Yale has always favored the violet's dark blue,
And the many sons of Harvard to the crimson rose are true,
We will hold a lily slander; no honor shall it lack,
While the Tiger stands defender of the orange and the black.

Through the four long years of college,
'Midst the scenes we love so well;
As we win athletic victories
On the football field or track,
Still we'll work for dear old Princeton
And the orange and the black.

Another is:

[Special music.]

Right through the center!
Now round the ends!
Shove 'em through, striped Tigers of Princeton,
Shove 'em through, shove 'em through,
Shove 'em through!

Here are some of Pennsylvania's best songs:

AND THE BLOW ALMOST KILLED HARVARD.

Fair Harvard came to Franklin field
One chill day in November
And tried to teach us how to play—
Perhaps you may remember.
Their backs did all that men could do
To drive the leather forward,
But they couldn't beat the red and blue,
And the blow almost killed Harvard!

[Tune—"The New Bully."]

Have you seen that new football team that's just come to town?
They have come down to Franklin field, Old Pennsy for to down
And to drag the red and blue upon the ground.
Oh, the Indians came down here, with their ax in their hand,
And vowed that they would surely swipe Old Pennsy from this land,
But our good team work was more than they could stand.

CHORUS.

When we put the crimson down, down, down!
When we put the crimson down, down, down!
When we put the crimson down,
Then a single Harvard rooter won't be found.

[Tune—"Marching Through Georgia."]

Oh, come, ye jolly sons of Penn, and make the welkin ring;
Raise ye up your voices and a song of triumph sing,
Let Old Johnny know that on the gridiron Penn is king,
While we go marching through Harvard!

Hurrah, hurrah, we're in today to win!
Hurrah, hurrah, we'll pocket Harvard's tin!
Our team was never better, so let's raise a joyous din
While we go marching through Harvard!

Oh, we all remember well the game of ninety-four,

AFTER DEATH.

I sometimes think of the lost
Of friends I had in other days,
And stood [illegible] "When I am gone [illegible]?"

I doubt if there [illegible]
Or whether [illegible]
That men were [illegible] sought
To leave a [illegible]

When their last rest is [illegible]
Then will [illegible] "Ah, well [illegible]
Not well [illegible]
To view things [illegible]

Thy poor [illegible] will rest as well,
Thy spirit will [illegible] live,
Although it is not [illegible]
A Mutton or a Raphael.

Fret not thyself, but heaven thank
If all the good that thou canst do
May be so done that only few
Need ever know thy place is blank.

Be thankful if let one true heart
Shall feel for thee the [illegible] pain—
Ere it can say, "We meet again"—
Of knowing what it is to part.

One loving heart then mayest crave,
Lest all thou cardest for on earth
Should seem to have no lasting worth
And end forever in the grave.

One faithful heart beneath the sky
In which to leave a seed of love
To blossom in a world above
And bear a fruit which shall not die.
—C. J. Eaton in Chambers' Journal.

GETTING A HUSBAND.

"What an idea! You'll never get any one to do it, Lil."

"Oh, yes, I shall! I know just the girl."

"Who? Do tell me."

"Can't you guess?"

"No."

"You."

"Me!" I fairly screamed.

"Yes, you. Now, listen, Bertha. You're just the girl for Duncan. I've always thought so, and I know you both well. Duncan is"—

"Oh, my dear girl, just as if I didn't know everything that Duncan is and isn't and was and will be! And just as though any girl would take that sort of thing on trust and not judge for herself before she went all the way out to India to marry a man!"

"Bertha, darling, don't get excited. Please do think this matter over seriously and try and see its advantages. Here, I will give you his letter to read and leave you for a little. Do try and like the idea."

I read the letter and can't say I was much impressed, but as it explains the position of affairs here it is:

DEAR OLD LIL—I am writing to ask a favor of you, but first you must promise you won't think me perfectly mad, as I solemnly assure you I am in earnest. We have always been pals, haven't we? And I think you know exactly what sort of fellow I am. Do you remember you used to say that the reason so many people are unhappily married is because the man always persists in choosing the girl he falls in love with without considering whether she has the qualities necessary to make him a good wife? I remember you once said, "Men would be far happier if they would let their sisters choose their wives for them." Well, I want to get married, and I have resolved to give your wise maxims a trial. Perhaps I may be rather a cold sort of fellow; but, anyway, I have never wanted to marry any of the girls about here. Will you choose a wife for me from among your English girl friends and place the case clearly before her? Tell her all you know of me as regards character, disposition, etc.; also that I am 30 years of age, well off, tall and, I believe, passably good looking. I should like her to be presentable in appearance. The rest I leave to you. We might exchange photos, only mine would be no good, as they are all old ones, and I know you have no decent ones at home. I need hardly add that, though it is a dangerous experiment, I will do all in my power to make it turn out a success, and whoever trusts herself to me shall never have cause to regret it, if I can help it. Let me know as soon as you can, and, believe me, your affectionate brother,

DUNCAN EASTWOOD.

After all, it is rather a good idea, I think—original, if nothing else. But somehow I wouldn't like to take the risk. On the other hand, I've no home, now that dad's gone, and only a poor little £40 a year to live on. Lil's awfully good and kind, but I can't stay here forever. Her husband must think me a nuisance as it is. I shall have to go out as a governess, and here's a chance of marrying a man who is rich, handsome, kind hearted and of whom every one speaks well. I don't care for any one else. Shall I chance it?

Well, I did, after all. I had no one in the world to advise me but Lil and her husband, and they both thought it a desirable match. They said we were made for each other, but I believe in their innermost heart of hearts they think Duncan a bit too good for me. My photo was sent out, and my future husband deigned to say that, "If I was anything like my photo, he loved me already." I think it was rather sneaky of him not sending one of his, but he has been minutely described to me and is going to wear a white gardenia in his buttonhole when he meets me at Calcutta. He has a good post in the Indian civil service and lives in Calcutta in the cold weather and Simla in the hot; so I shall have a good time. Lil rigged me out and packed me off, and as for me—well, I think I shall like him, and I mean to try anyway.

We have passed Port Said, and very soon we shall reach Aden. Every one on board is kind to me.

I shall never forget arriving at Aden, a horrid looking place, with low white houses against a dreary background of rocks, and no trees or flowers to be seen.

An interesting man came on board at Aden. He is tall and broad, with a kind face and dark eyes, and such lovely beard and mustache. I think I rather like beards. That horrid Duncan is clean shaven. I oughtn't to be thinking about men. Oh, dear, I wonder if I have done right!

I heard this new man ask the captain, in whose charge I am, whether he might be introduced to a girl on board.

"Which one?" asked the captain.

"I think she is in your charge," said the man; "a tall, slight girl, with lovely gray eyes."

He must have meant me. I should like to be introduced, and yet in some ways I would rather not. If I fell in love, how awkward it would be!

"Miss Carr—Mr. Rogers." The captain stood before me with the man who came on board at Aden.

I got red and hardly dared to raise my "lovely gray eyes" to the handsome face above me.

"Miss Carr, I know a friend of yours in Calcutta, Duncan Eastwood."

I got redder. How much did he know? How could I tell him I was going to marry a man I had never seen?

"Oh, yes," I stammered. "I am going to stay for a few days with his sister, Mrs. Osborne, in Calcutta. Do you know her?"

"Yes, slightly," he answered. "Rather a long way to go for a visit of a few days, isn't it?"

There was an awkward pause. I simply couldn't tell him the truth.

"Oh," I said carelessly, "I have other plans after that."

He seemed amused at my confusion. I'm sure I looked a perfect fool, and I was thankful that just then another man came up and asked me to join in a cricket match they were getting up.

I have been so happy all these days, but tonight I am the most miserable girl in the world. We shall get to Calcutta tomorrow, and I shall be seized on by that odious man with the white gardenia. I shall never love him. I love some one else, and some one else loves me. A few hours ago Mr. Rogers asked me to marry him, and I told him all my story.

I was leaning over the side of the boat watching the glorious effects of the moon on the dark waters, when he came up behind me. I had a white dress on. I looked up at him as he stood near, and he was looking down at me with a look I had never seen before in any man's eyes. Such a world of love was there, and all for me. It was worth living all my 19 years just simply to see that look.

I don't know why I did it, but I couldn't keep back a great sob, and at that he took me in his arms and kissed me passionately over and over again, as though he had lost all control over himself.

I tore myself away and told him as calmly as I could all about myself.

"I ought to have told you before," I cried over and over. "But, oh, don't you understand how hard it was? I thought you would think me such a dreadful girl to marry a man I had never seen."

"I don't, dear," he said very gravely. "I think it is a good idea, and you will find all will go well."

"You are heartless," I cried despairingly. "You don't care a bit. You are not one bit unhappy."

"My Bertha, it is everything to me to know you love me. I don't think I shall ever be unhappy again."

"You are cruel, heartless, wicked," I cried. "I won't listen any more," and before he could stop me I ran away, and here I am crying my eyes out, wishing we had all been wrecked in the bay.

He called me back. "Bertha, dearest, let me explain." But I wouldn't listen.

A strange thing has happened to me. I went on deck this morning and found everything in a bustle and nearly every one had gone on shore. I waited behind purposely. The captain came up and asked me whether I could see my friends anywhere about.

"No," I answered miserably.

He said he was sorry to see me looking so pale. "The gentleman who is to meet me is tall and clean shaven and will wear a white gardenia," I began.

"Here we are then," interrupted the captain, and I felt rather than saw that some one was approaching. My knees were trembling. I thought I should fall. I couldn't raise my eyes until suddenly a deep voice that I knew—ah, yes, and loved, too—spoke:

"Miss Carr, I think?"

Startled, I looked up. The captain had been called away, and I stood face to face with—Mr. Rogers.

"What does it mean?" I gasped.

"It means, my darling, that I am Duncan Eastwood. Will you forgive me for the deception?"

I couldn't speak, and he went on:

"I was impatient to see the dear little girl who had trusted her future to me, so as I had been ill and was ordered a holiday I came to Aden to meet you. Then it struck me I would like to see what sort of a little girl you were before you knew who I was. Lil was right; you were made for me, dear heart. Then I found you loved me. Last night I nearly betrayed myself, but I wanted to see your face when you met me this morning. By the bye, I haven't seen it yet. My sister is waiting for you. I have been on shore and got rid of my beard, etc. Look at me, darling, and see how you like the change."

I looked up, and he took my hands in his.

"Are you still afraid of the risk, my Bertha?"

"There will be no risk," I murmured. "My life will be all sunshine."

"And if not," he broke in gently, "our love will help us through the shadows."

The experiment turned out a perfect success, and Lil is more than ever convinced that a man should let his sister choose his wife for him.—St. Paul's.

Uncertainty and Fear of Old Age.

It is the practice of certain members of an Oxford college, who all "went up" in the same year, which is now getting on for half a century ago, to dine together yearly. During the year the majority of them never meet at all, their homes being scattered over all parts of the country, and in some cases abroad. Accordingly, when they do meet, they scrutinize each other pretty carefully, marking the changes which have taken place in their respective appearances during the year. At the last of these gatherings a white haired old gentleman, bent almost double with rheumatism, turned with difficulty to his neighbor, and, pointing to a grayheard on the other side of the table, whispered anxiously, "Tell me—I don't really look as old as that, do I?" Funny and terribly pathetic, wasn't it?—Pick Me Up

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A Michigan Romance.

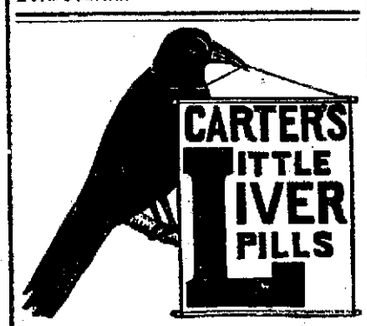
An interesting story by Stanley Waterloo, also containing valuable information about the summer resorts in the north, will be mailed to any address on receipt of 4c to pay postage. Address, D. G. Edwards, Passenger Traffic Manager C., H. & D. Railway, Cincinnati, Ohio.

What it Was.

"Yes, sir," said the grizzled old war veteran, "I remember one very cold night in particular when I slept with no covering except a meal bag."

"A sort of a nap-sack, eh?" ventured Young Precocious.

"Then they put him to bed.—New York Journal



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Two Friends.

The late Mr. H. C. Bunner, the editor of Puck, and Lawrence Hutton were the closest of friends. They began, says Mr. Hutton, in his sad reminiscence of his dead friend, published in The Bookman, in that often desirable fashion, "with a little aversion." Each avoided even an introduction to the other until fate actually threw them together, not to be parted more. Their mutual "good times" were dear at the moment and "pleasant, too, to think on." There was much "excellent fooling" there, and when Hutton was married it but added a third desirable member to the company. The marriage itself shows on what terms of happy nonsense they lived. Mr. Hutton says:

He and Mr. Telford and I spent together at the Westmoreland and in Bunner's rooms the last evening of my single life. He had heard that luck would be insured if the groom, on the occasion of his marriage, would wear "something old, something new, something borrowed and something blue." He urged, therefore, my appearance next day in a pair of socks procured especially by him for me. One was absolutely unworn, the other had seen service and was darned, but they were both blue. And I must borrow them.

Mr. Telford, I remember, lent me a necktie for the same purpose, and both of those dear boys were married, when their time came, in something blue that was borrowed from me.

When Bunner was married, we sent his wife a traveling clock as a wedding gift, to which I attached a card bearing these lines:

For old lang syne,
Wi' you and H. C. B.
At this time take
The time from mine and me?

Time's time was
Let me be old or new,
The times for us
Are high old times with you.

To this the lady responded:

I lack the time, in spite of time from you,
To write the heart's thanks that I feel are due.
But every passing hour while time endures
Shall speak to me and mine of you and yours.

One of the Rarest Books.

Among the books of a comparatively recent date, if the seventeenth century can be described as such, is, as the Elzevir collector well knows, the famous "Patissier Francois," a small duodecimo printed by Louys and Daniel Elzevir at Amsterdam in 1655. A faulty and poor reimpression of a work of little value issued in Paris two years previously, this book has become the most sought after of all the Elzevir works, just because it is wrongly thought to be the scarcest. It has fetched prices reaching in France as high as 4,600 francs. The reason for the supposed rarity is of course that, instead of being placed on its first appearance on the shelves of the curious or the studious, the little volume was thumbed to pieces by the greasy hands of cooks and kitchen maids. Genuine enthusiasts in the printer's art have hoped to see the price diminished in presence of the revelations lately furnished concerning it. Its market value, however, shows no signs of diminution, and that one copy, sold in England during the last seven or eight years, fetched at Sotheby's on June 10, 1895, the sale being that of the Earl of Orford, the preposterous price of £100.—Gentleman's Magazine.

Identified by His Dog's Tag.

At the Chicago city hall license department, whenever any one gets a dog license, the purchaser gives his or her residence number to the clerk, and also a description of the dog. This number and the appearance of the dog are written down of record and are easily referred to.

A day or two ago the ticket seller at the Sixty-third street station of the elevated road noticed a very small boy standing on the platform, accompanied by a brown setter. The boy was so small that he could not tell where he lived and was evidently lost. The dog licked his hands affectionately, panted in a benevolent way and stuck close to the boy. That dog knew that the boy was lost.

Some one read the number of the dog's license and went to the neighboring drug store and telephoned to the city hall. Could the city hall give any description of owner or house number of dog license No. 2,667? Certainly! The owner lived at a certain hotel in town. By the way, was the dog a brown setter? Well, they will find the owner at the Auditorium.

So the small boy was sent home to his rejoicing parents, and the faithful dog trailed behind.—Chicago Chronicle.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood.

Cured in One Night.

Charles H. Conelle, Esq., leading lawyer of York, Pa., says: "Your Brazilian Balm cured me of one of the worst colds I ever experienced, in one night. I think it the greatest medicine in the market, and you can use my name any way you like.

HIS NINE YEAR SLEEP

THE RIP VAN WINKLE SLUMBER OF A PENNSYLVANIA MAN

His Wife and Three Children Have Passed Away While He Slept On. Wife Saved Him From the Knife Long Delayed Operation May Now Be Performed.

In a little farmhouse at Nicholson Luzerne lies a man who bids fair to rival Rip Van Winkle as a sleeper. This man's sleep has already lasted more than nine years, and if Michael Fernan ever awakens it will only be to find that his wife and children have succumbed to the care and anxiety incident to his continuous and extended slumber.

As Mr. Fernan appears to be as rugged and strong as he did on the morning that he began his long sleep he may surpass Rip Van Winkle's record unless the mystified physicians perform an operation that will awaken him at the risk of transforming him into a raving maniac or hastening his death. Had it not been for the touching devotion of his wife the operation would have been performed several years ago.

Nine years ago last July Michael Fernan was employed as a watchman at the Nicholson tunnel, on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad. He was of robust health and very industrious, and during the alternate weeks when he watched the railroad tunnel by night he was in the habit of spending several hours each day in cultivating the little farm that surrounded his home. One morning Fernan returned from his work and told his wife that he was feeling well, but very sleepy. He went to bed without eating any breakfast.

At noon one of the children came down stairs and said, "Father won't wake up for dinner." But the sleeper was not disturbed. When, however, Fernan did not appear at supper, his wife went to his room, where she found him stretched across the bed still dressed in his working clothes and in what appeared to be a sound and natural slumber. Her efforts to awaken him were unsuccessful, and as he was still sleeping heavily the following morning a physician was summoned, but his attempts to awaken the sleeping man were equally fruitless.

In the course of several days other physicians were called in, and after a consultation electric shocks, ice cold water baths and the trickling of ice water down the patient's spinal column were resorted to as well as the piercing of sensitive portions of his body with pins and needles in the hope that his sleep might be broken. But the sleeper never winced, and every shock was followed with equally barren results. The physicians were mystified, and the uneasiness of the family increased as he slept on week after week and month after month.

Every morning and evening Fernan's wife would prop him up in bed and place food so that it did not require mastication within his mouth. These were swallowed passively. During this time the sleeper perceptibly grew, and in order to give him more attention his wife had him removed to a room which measured about 12 feet square, adjoining the kitchen.

More than 12 months passed before his wife and children were made happy by one day finding that the sleeper's eyes were again open. He conversed rationally of things that had occurred prior to the beginning of his long slumber and expressed amazement when acquainted with the facts of his sleep. He said that everything was a blank to him during his year's nap.

Eight hours after awakening Fernan again complained of feeling drowsy, and a few moments later he was again asleep and had to be removed to his bed. He was allowed to slumber in his trousers, flannel shirt and stockings, and when the weather was pleasant Mrs. Fernan would lift him to his feet and lead his halting steps through the kitchen to the side porch, where she would seat him in a big rocker while she cultivated their small farm, gathered the fruit, harvested the hay crop or dug potatoes. Although he had no way of showing his appreciation of her kindness, Mrs. Fernan insisted that "Mike liked to sit on the porch when the sun was shining." In addition to caring for her husband and attending to the household duties, Mrs. Fernan performed the work of a farmer with such success as to be able to provide a comfortable living.

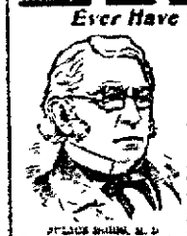
Fourteen weary months passed before the sleeper again opened his eyes, with his mind apparently unclouded, but four hours later he again succumbed to drowsiness, although he battled desperately against it. Another year passed before he reopened his eyes and asked for his wife, who had just stepped over to a neighbor's, but when she entered the house, breathless and excited, her husband was again sleeping.

Mrs. Fernan began to fail rapidly after the sixth year's strain. Nor did her misfortunes come singly, for two of her children died. Several months ago she succumbed and died. Since then another of her children has been taken away, but Fernan sleeps on, oblivious of his great loss.

It has now become necessary to find another home for the sleeper, and a medical commission appointed by the courts has adjudged him a lunatic in order to gain his admission to an asylum, and it is probable that an operation will now be performed upon him. The doctors disagree in their diagnoses of his trouble, but the most probable explanation seems to be that it is a dropsical affection that has caused water on the brain. An operation was begun during the early stages of his sleep, but as the patient showed marked signs of becoming violently insane his faithful wife objected, saying, "I'd rather have Mike with me asleep and helpless as a child than to see him a raving maniac in an asylum."—New York Journal.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Ever Have Your Back Ache?



Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills

makes Healthy Kidneys and the Back Strong.

Healthy Kidneys purify the blood by *filtering* from it *urine* and all other poisons or impurities.

Pure blood means perfect health. By purifying the blood Dr Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Eczema, Anæmia, Pains in Abdomen, Backache, Kidney Weakness, and all Inflammation of the Kidneys. Physicians and druggists recommend them. 50c. a box. Testimonials from thousands. HOBBS REMEDY CO., CHICAGO AND SAN FRANCISCO.

HOW IS YOUR LIVER? Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Liver Pills act promptly, but don't gripe.

For Sale By

WM. M. MELVILLE, PHARMACIST,
Old P. O. Cor., Lima, Ohio.

IRON BAR 2,000 YEARS OLD.

A Portion of It Is Owned by the Iron Chancellor.

S. T. Wellman, the metallurgist of Cleveland, has a portion of a round bar of iron—and a few like pieces are held in the United States—that antedates the Christian era by two or three centuries. The iron, which had been originally hammered into plates and was deeply rusted from age, was found a few years ago by Dr. Karl Humann in the ruins of the temple of Artemis Leucophryne, at Magnesia, Asia Minor. Dr. Humann sent it to Hallbauer, in Germany, and the latter made from a portion of it a memorial tablet. This was presented to Bismarck in April, 1894. It bore this inscription in German: "For you, Prince Bismarck, the Iron Chancellor, Hermogenes forged this iron at Magnesia 200 B. C. Humann found it in the temple of Artemis after 2,000 years and sent it to Hallbauer, who gave it the form in which it shall bear witness that your deeds shall outlive millenia."

At the time of the presentation to Bismarck Stahl und Eisen gave a photographic reproduction of the plate and an account of the discovery of the iron. The temple of Artemis, one of the most magnificent of ancient monuments, was rebuilt about 300 B. C., though by some the date is put at 200 B. C.

The metal is described as approximating steel in its composition, though closely akin to malleable iron. It was made at a low temperature, and great care was necessary in the forging. It was found rather difficult to roll the pieces that were preserved as relics, these having a diameter of about one-half inch.—Iron Trade Review.

Must Conquer if They Want Shelter.

The German soldier, says the London News, carries his own house on his back—that is to say, his share of a shelter tent. The stout pieces of waterproof sheeting are joined together so as to form three sides of a square, and the men are saved from the worst in wind and rain. The idea of the shelter tent in sections is no new one. The French had it many years ago in their tente d'abri. It has many advantages. It reduces the baggage of the army, and it enables the soldier to go into lodgings at once on reaching the scene of the bivouac.

Troops often suffer miserable discomfort in waiting for hours for their heavy tents. The Germans have no faith in these cumbrous contrivances. They have often sent whole armies into the field without any sort of shelter. Their theory is that if the men win a battle they will find all they want in the towns and villages, and that if they lose it they will have no time to pitch tents. The shelter tent seems a compromise between these views.

Why There Are So Many Smiths.

At the time of the adoption of surnames every artisan whose work required the striking of blows on metal was known as a smiter or smith, and the community therefore had its blacksmith, whitesmith, goldsmith, silversmith, arrowsmith and several others of the same character. The number of Smiths of the present day may therefore be readily accounted for when we remember that each of the different kinds of smiths was as much entitled to the use of his trade name for a cognomen as any other artisan. John the blacksmith and John the coppersmith were both known as John the smith, an appellation which naturally resolved itself into the family name of John Smith.—Clifford Howard in Ladies' Home Journal.

What He Asked For.

A tramp tumbled out of a store, stood on his ear a moment and then collapsed in a heap.

"Hello!" cried a bystander. "What's the matter?"

"Excuse me, pard," said the vagrant. "I just went in there and asked that feller to help me out."—Philadelphia Record.

In the fifteenth century the beer gallon measure of England was a fourth larger than the wine gallon, to allow for the froth. The present legal yard was instituted in England in 1758.

The largest egg is that of the ostrich. It weighs 3 pounds and is considered equal in amount to 24 hens' eggs.

Mother Almost Worn Out. Hand's Colic Cure Gave Instant Relief.

BELL BROOK, O., March 25, '96.—Dr. Hand—"I received your sample bottle of Colic Cure and was never so glad in my life. My baby had the wind colic ever since she was born and I was almost worn out. I gave her a dose without my husband's knowledge and it gave her instant relief, and she has not been the least trouble since. I gave her the first dose. I would not be without it for anything. I will recommend your Colic Cure to every mother. Mrs. J. C. Wade." Sold by all druggists, 25c.

FRUITS AND FLOWERS

THE BERMUDA LILY.

Directions From an Expert Concerning Their Cultivation Indoors.

In an exhaustive article on a window garden of bulbs Ellen E. Rexford, in The Ladies' Home Journal, gives these directions concerning Bermuda lily bulbs:

The Bermuda lily should be planted in deep pots. Put in a shallow layer of soil over the drainage material when you pot the bulbs of this plant, and on this place the bulb, which should be covered lightly. Leave it like this until a stalk starts. Then fill in, as this stalk reaches up, until the pot is full of compost. This may seem a somewhat strange manner in which to grow a plant, but there is a good reason back of it. While the vital part of a lily is in its bulb it sends out roots from the stalk it throws up above the bulb. Therefore unless the bulb is planted deeply there is nothing but a shallow layer of soil for the stalk to put forth these roots in. These roots not only help to feed the plant by drawing nutriment from the soil, but they strengthen and support the stalk by acting as braces to it.

Lilies that are planted with their crowns near the surface of the soil will have to be tied to stakes to prevent their being broken off, but deeply planted ones will require no artificial support. Bear this in mind and set your lily bulbs well down in their pots, filling in, as advised, as they develop their flower stalks, if you would grow these most lovely flowers to perfection.

I would not advise the use of any fertilizer after bringing a plant to the light if the compost in which it was planted contained an ordinary amount of nutriment. Development is quite likely to be sufficiently rapid in ordinarily rich soil, and the application of a stimulant will so hasten it that the plant will be forced beyond healthy limits. Watch the plants when in the cellar and give a little water now and then if needed. Aim to keep the soil moist—never wet. When you bring them up, do not place them at once in a very warm room. A room adjoining one in which there is a fire is better for them, if it is frost proof, than one in which the heat is likely to run up to a high figure. When they come into bloom, be sure to keep them as cool as possible if you want the flowers to last.

Potted Carnations.

If they do well, there is nothing more satisfying to the winter window gardener than carnations. If they behave ill, there is nothing more disappointing. American Gardening says:

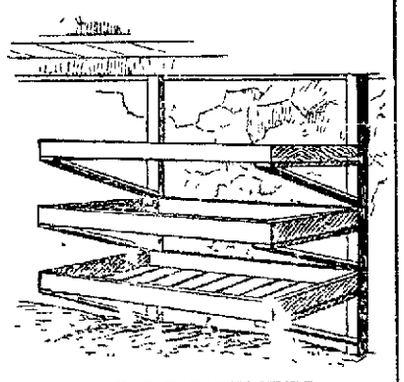
Given a good south window, good plants, cool conditions and intelligent care, one may usually expect good bloom with confidence. Carnations like a heavier soil than many plants delight in. They are to be potted at about the same depth as when outside. If potted up early, they are more likely to recover in good season. One of the best things that can be done for them is to thoroughly shower the plants with tobacco tea before placing them in the window. This will forestall the green aphis for weeks, and perhaps for months. The red spider is the worst enemy of the carnation in window culture, and a sharp lookout must be kept for him.

Pruning Grapevines.

Many vine growers begin in November to prune on mild days, instead of waiting until spring. A rule observed by some is that older plants should have the new canes cut back to five to eight buds, according to age, vigor, etc., of the plant. Tender varieties should be laid down upon the ground and lightly covered for winter protection.

Storing Fruit.

A cellar just moist enough to keep the fruit from evaporating any of its own juices and capable of being held at a low temperature—just above the chilling point—is an almost ideal place for the storing of apples. But the location is not all. Large quantities should not be heaped together, nor should apples be kept in barrels, bins or boxes where the air cannot circulate freely through them. Any tendency toward decay is sure to be augmented under such circumstances. Thus writes a contributor to the New York Tribune, who also furnishes a sketch illustrating an economical method of storing fruit.



TRAYS FOR STORING FRUIT.

Trays with slat bottoms, each three feet square, are supported, one above another, upon brackets that are nailed to pieces of upright studding. A succession of this studding with brackets can extend along the whole side of the cellar, or upon two sides, if desired. The trays can be made as deep as desired, and the fruit can be heaped up a little. In this way but a small quantity of fruit is kept in a place, and the air can circulate about each and every apple. Each tray can be removed to a table if it is desired to look the fruit over for the detection of incipient decay, or when getting ready to pack for market. Such trays will last for a score of years and can easily be made in the home workshop on rainy days.

DUCK CULTURE.

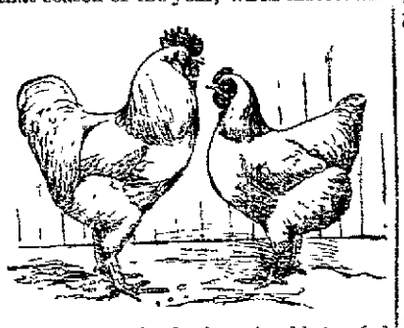
Points From Practical Poultry Men. Size and Color Considered.

A Kansas farmer says: Duck raising is some thing that is out of every 100 farmers know little about. Many of them have a few common ducks that they put up and living on what they can pick up out of the feed thrown to the chickens, which, while it may be abundant, is of such a kind and in such a condition that the poor ducks almost starve amid plenty. In six months they are sent to market. If not big enough or fat enough, they are surely old enough. If the right breed of ducks were raised and fed on the proper food, the profits over broilers and chicks would compare like this: Today I sold young Pekin ducks in this market at 10 cents per pound, live weight. They were 9 weeks old and weighed about 9 pounds to the pair, bringing 67½ cents each. The feed bills show a cost of about 3 cents per pound of ducks to bring them up to this condition. I also sold broilers today, weighing 19 pounds per dozen, at 13 cents per pound, the chicks being just the age of the ducks—9 weeks. One duck weighed as much as three chicks and sold for 2 cents more per pound. Of course, the chicks consume less food, but the mortality is greater and the labor in keeping ahead of hoc, vermin and disease among them is much greater. If there is any other fowl or animal raised on the farm that will take on the same amount of flesh on the same quantity of food in the same time, I have failed to find it.

Breed from white ducks only. A white duck can be picked at any time, while a colored one will not pick off smooth until November. You can always command 1 to 3 cents per pound more for dressed white ducks. The colored ducks are not desirable. The shippers work them off by putting 10 or more in each coop of 50, and to be able to buy the whites we must accept a lot of miserable, dark pinfeathers. As this is the season to select breeders for next year, this point should be now fully understood by the western duck men. The east want all the ducks they can raise, but we want white ducks and take the colored ducks only under protest.

White Plymouth Rocks.

One of the handsomest and most useful of the Plymouth Rock fowls is the white variety, prize birds of which are shown herewith. Plymouth Rocks mature early and sometimes will dress at 6 months old to six pounds and when full grown seven to eight pounds. In winter chickens should be kept in a place where they are moderately warm, in a temperature of from 40 to 50 degrees, and at that season of the year, when insects are



not to be obtained, they should be fed with the scraps or leavings of the kitchen, broken or crushed bones or anything that will stand in lieu of their natural insect food.

The White Plymouth Rock is a large, well formed bird, with a small, single comb, clean yellow legs and a large breast. It resembles most in form the English Dorking of all our American fowls. It is, perhaps, the best fowl to be kept on farms, as it is a good early winter layer, a good brooder, the chicks are hardy and can be reared early and make the best of broilers at two to three months old, thus coming in at a season when chickens bring about 25 cents a pound usually, and 40 cents a pound at times.

Remedy For Scaly Legs.

A writer in Farm Poultry gives a remedy for scaly legs. She says: "I take a quart can full of lard, coal oil and crude carbolic acid and set the can in an old bucket, piling hot ashes and some coals around it. Then with a swab, made by wrapping rags to the end of a stick, I proceed to the henhouse, and holding each perch over the bucket sliding it along as I grease, I completely fill every crack and crevice with the mixture. The lard cools rapidly, leaving the perch very greasy, and the legs of fowls roosting on such perches look bright and clean. It serves a twofold purpose—ridding the perches of lice and preventing scaly leg. I have never had a case of it among my fowls. This work can be done in cold weather, as the grease will keep hot, and it is less troublesome than treating even one fowl after it gets the disease."

Milk For Hens In Winter.

For laying hens in winter milk is quite as good as cut bone or meat scraps. To keep it from freezing knock the bottom out of an old peck measure, cut three V shaped notches in the lower edge, buy a pan that will fit down in the top about an inch and under this set a little night lamp. The outfit is placed in one corner of the poultry house, where it is held fast by a strip of board tacked across in front of it. The lamp burns about a dessertspoonful of oil a day and is used only in freezing weather.

Potatoes For Hens.

Small potatoes are worth as much for feeding to poultry as the large tubers. The value of an article does not always depend on its market price, but on the use to which it may be applied. Hens are very partial to potatoes, and if the small ones are cooked and fed to them they can pick them to pieces without any other preparation. As winter food for ducks small potatoes are excellent. Separate them from the larger ones and store them in a convenient place where they can be easily handled when wanted for use.

JOYS OF MATERNITY.

VIGOROUS MOTHERS AND STURDY CHILDREN ALWAYS

Why so Many Women Are Childless—A Problem That Has Puzzled Physicians for Centuries.

Reproduction is a law of nature, and no picture of joy and happiness can equal that of the vigorous mother and her sturdy child.

Nature makes but few mistakes, and every thoughtful person must admit that a cause exists, why so many women are childless. The subject baffles the theories of physicians. Such cases are curable nine times out of ten, as evidenced by thousands of letters on file at Mrs. Pinkham's office. Many a darling baby owes its existence to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and the Vegetable Compound. This is not to be wondered at when such testimony as the following explains itself:

"I have taken three bottles of your Vegetable Compound, one package of Sanative Wash, one box of Liver Pills; and now I have a dear little babe four weeks old, and I am well. I have to thank you for this.

"I have spent $200.00 for doctor's bills without obtaining any relief. For my cure I only spent $5.00.

"I had been a victim of female troubles in their worst form; suffered untold agonies every month; had to stay in bed, and have poultices applied, and then could not stand the pain.

"My physician told me if I became pregnant I would die. I had bladder trouble, itching, backache, catarrh of the stomach, hysteria and heart trouble, fainting spells and leucorrhœa. Can you wonder that I sing the praises of a medicine that has cured me of all these ills?"—MRS. GEO. C. KNOCHER, 372 Belmont Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Erie Railroad.

Time Card in Effect June 14th, 1896.

From LIMA, OHIO.

TRAINS WEST. Depart

No 5 Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago and the West ..... 11:25 a m
No. 3, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West ..... 12 37 a m
No 1, Express, daily except Sunday, for Chicago and the West ..... 4 55 a m
No 31, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday ..... 10 5 a m
No 13, Wells Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday ..... 5 30 m

TRAINS EAST

No. 8, Vestibule Limited, daily for New York and Boston ..... 9 02 p m
No. 2, Express, daily, except Sunday 3.30 p m
No. 12, Express daily, for New York 2.46 a m
No. 32, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday ..... 7:00 a m
Train 13 will not run days following legal holidays.

Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK C. McCOY, Agent.
W. G. MACEDWARD, Trav. Pass Agt., Huntington, Ind.

AMERICAN BALL BLUE — MEDAL AWARDED BY WORLD'S CENTENNIAL COMMISSION

THE BEST WASH BLUE IN USE.

THE AMERICAN BALL BLUE is not poisonous or injurious to health or fabrics. It is the delight of the laundress, aids in bleaching and gives the washing a rich and elegant hue. Beware of imitations. Ask your grocer for the AMERICAN BALL BLUE and be sure you get the genuine article, which has a red stripe in the middle of the package.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 50c and $1 per box. WILLIAMS MF'G CO., Props., Cleveland, O. For sale by F. H. Vortkamp, n e corner Main and North streets. tf

LE BRUN'S G&G CURE — FOR EITHER SEX. This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet. Cure guaranteed in 1 to 3 days. Small plain package, by mail, $1.00. Sold only by Wm Melville, Old Postoffice Corner, Lima O

LADIES DO YOU KNOW DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S Steel & Pennyroyal Pills are the original and only FRENCH, safe and reliable cure on the market. Price, $1 00 sent by mail. Genuine sold only by Wm. Melville, Old Postoffice Corner, Lima, O

The Rosy Freshness And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Poxzoni's Complexion Powder.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

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STERLING SILVER THIMBLE!

19c

Regular price is 50c, we want you to see our Holiday Goods.

Only one to each party calling.

MACDONALD & CO.

School Shoes! . .

We have the goods that will stand the racket, and they don't cost much money, either. Brand new goods, latest styles. Come in and look at them, at

AVERY'S,

135 North Main Street

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL No. 84.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been or Are Going.

Judge Linderman, of Delphos, is in the city to-day.

Will Fisher, of Ottawa, was in the city this morning.

Fred S. Klein, of Columbus Grove, was in the city to-day.

W. S. Bentley, of Bluffton, was in the city this morning.

Attorney H. S. Prophet went to Columbus last evening, on legal business.

Detective S. J. McDowell has returned from a business trip through the West Virginia oil fields.

Mrs. R. M. Furnace, of Indianapolis, Ind., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs O. W. Bell, of west High street.

Perry Brown, of Wilmington, Del., patentee and manufacturer, is in the city, stopping at the Cambridge House.

J. U. Heiniger of Lima, was in the city to-day.—H. W. Beckman went to Lima yesterday afternoon on business.—Miss Amelia Vetter returned yesterday from a visit with Lima friends.—Mrs Fred Nau, of Canton, O., and Miss Mary Cantieny, of Lima, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dalzell yesterday. They returned home last night.—*Delphos Herald.*

TALES OF THE TOWN.

Several cases of the dreaded diphtheria are reported at Jackson Center.

The foundations for Golley & Finley's new shops at Main and Eureka streets are about completed.

The funeral services of James Noonan will take place from St. Rose church to-morrow morning at 8:30 o'clock.

Glada, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Robbins, of north Jefferson street, is very ill with typhoid fever.

Sam O'Neill, who has been laid up the past three months with rheumatism, still continues to improve and is able to be about.

The funeral services of Mrs. John O'Malia were held at St. Rose church this morning at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. A. E. Manning officiating. Interment was made in Gethsemane cemetery.

Yesterday being the 37th anniversary of the birthday of H. Weber, of 630 North Jefferson street, a complete surprise was made by quite a number of his relatives and friends Pedro and other amusements were indulged in to the satisfaction of all. Quite a number of musical selections, vocal and instrumental, were given on the Columbia Graphaphone by C. F. Quinn.

Fur Opening to-morrow.
Carroll & Cooney.

KALIDA CITIZENS

Listening for the Whistles of the C., L. & M. Trains.

Assured by B. C. Faurot That They will Have a Free Ride on the New Road Within One Year.

The Ottawa *Sentinel* contains the following from a Kalida correspondent:

O. C. Parker, our village postmaster, has received a typewritten letter from B. C. Faurot, manager, of the C. L. & M. railroad. It will serve as a sort of panacea for the ills incident to long deferred hopes.

LIMA, OHIO, Nov. 24, 1896.

O. C. Parker, Esq., Kalida, Ohio:

DEAR SIR: I did say to your people that I expected to build the road if McKinley were elected. Now he is elected, and has been for three weeks. I can say to you truthfully that I have been making quite a good deal of headway since the election, and that I am very sanguine that the next few months will complete the road from Defiance to a through connection with the Ohio Central at Marysville for Columbus. I see no reason why we should not be able to do this within the next year. I think by June you will see the cars running from here to Defiance. Be patient; everything comes to those who wait, and our turn will come now soon. You can rest assured that it is more to me to have this road built than it is to any other man in in the country, and I will spare no time or pains or energy to complete it. I hope to be able to give you and your people a free ride from your town to Columbus on the C., L. & M. R. R. within the next twelve months. If I do not it will be no fault of mine.

Yours very truly,

B. C. FAUROT.

Lonhuda. 1t

For news read the TIMES-DEMOCRAT, which publishes all the news while it is fresh. The only real newspaper in Lima. Compare it with any other local paper published in Ohio and the verdict will be "The TIMES-DEMOCRAT leads them all." Everybody takes it. Ten cents a week delivered at your supper table six nights a week.

What is Lonhuda? 1t

Fur Opening.

Saturday of this week, Mr. Robinson, the New York fur man, will be here. This will be the last visit for this season, and his sample line will be offered for sale at manufacturers' cost. Buy your wife a stylish and serviceable wrap for a Christmas present. 1t CARROLL & COONEY.

Lonhuda is finer than silk. 1t

Go to the Old King & Day

Warehouse for Backbone, Spare Ribs and Tenderloin, Hogs' Heads, Liver, Kidneys, Brains and Tails, and everything in the way of Salt and Smoked Meats, at hard time prices. 43-2t

The Juniors

of the Disciple church will give a bazar and oyster supper in the Metzgar block, Saturday, Dec. 5th. Supper, 15c. 2 2t

Lonhuda is the personification of the highest art. 1t

NO MONEY

Is Left With Which to Pay the Evy Judgment.

TO MAKE ANOTHER EEFORT

In the Circuit Court—Benj. Bauman Receives a Small Judgment—Ejectment Case of John Shaw Heard To-day.

Judge Richie yesterday afternoon rendered his decision in the case of Oceany Evy against the Lima Street Railway company. The suit is one in which the parties who hold the first mortgage bonds sought to make the payment of the judgment obtained against the street railway company a lien secondary to the mortgage bonds. Mrs. Evy was the lady who, while riding in a sleigh on south Main street, was struck by a rapidly moving street car. She was thrown from the sleigh and permanently injured and disfigured. She sued for damages and obtained a judgment for $5,000. Judge Richie found that the mortgage bonds were the first lien, and from the sale of the road there is no money that can be applied to the Evy judgment. This will probably bring forth another suit, in which an effort will be made to collect the judgment from the stockholders who held possession of the road previous to the time of sale.

OTHER MATTERS.

The case of G. W. James, resident trustee for Herbert H. James, a non-resident minor, against John Shaw, was engaging the attention of the court this morning. It is an ejectment suit in which Mr. James seeks to obtain possession of certain property. The plaintiff in his petition made the suit a jury case, while the defendant in his petition made it a case of equity. The equity part of the case was heard this morning before Mr. Graham, and the other part is being hard this afternoon before the jury.

The jury last evening in the case of Benj Bauman against the Straw Board company returned a verdict of $18 for the plaintiff. The suit was begun Wednesday, the plaintiff asking a judgment for $335 for unpaid wages.

The court has handed down the following decisions:

B. S. Porter & Son vs. Paulita Kempner. Foreclosure, and order to sell.

Jos. Place vs. H. A. Patterson. Foreclosure, and order to sell.

Thomas Strangeman vs. Margaret A. Phillips. Foreclosure, and order to sell.

County commissioners vs. C., H. & D.; mandamus. Denied.

Della A. Stewart, administratrix, vs. B. H. Brooks; foreclosure. Order to sell.

S. M. Finch vs. G. D. Ryder; money. Dismissed at defendant's costs.

First National Bank vs. Alice Showalter et al.; foreclosure. Order to sell.

The Probate and the Clerk's offices this morning were filled with old soldiers and widows securing their pension vouchers. The Clerk will sign papers today for over $1,000, which in a few days will be paid out to the old soldiers or their widows.

The case of Conrad Sherger vs. the Northern Ohio has been continued from the 7th to the 14th of December.

A New Home.

The Berean Baptist church is now domiciled in the new Bowdle block, southeast corner Main and Vine street. Opening services will be held next Sunday. Preaching regularly by the pastor, Rev Geo Byron Morse, at 10 a. m. and 7 p. m. December topics are as follows: Morning subjects—Dec 6, "The New House"; Dec. 13, "The New Temple"; Dec. 20, "The New Priest"; Dec. 27, "The New Jerusalem." Evening subjects—Dec. 6, "The New Birth"; Dec. 13 "The New Life"; Dec 20, "The New Brotherhood"; Dec. 27, "The New Century."

A Luxury Within Reach of All.

For there is nothing more delicious or economical than Shutt's fresh Pork Sausage and Scrapple this bracing weather. Ask your grocer or butcher for it, and accept no other. It has no equal. 43 2t

Homeseekers' Excursions West and South.

Apply to nearest passenger or ticket agent of Pennsylvania Lines for any desired information on the subject, or address F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa. Low rates open to all. B. H. OYLER, Agent, Lima, O.

You Can Find

The Terry Mucilage bottle at S. H. Sanford's drug store. It is a good thing. 1t

Fur Opening to morrow.
Carroll & Cooney.

Van DeGrift's Art Gallery

Will be open Sunday from 9 a. m. to 3 p m. All work finished for Xmas. f&s

ALLEN LODGE

To Send Christmas Presents to Springfield

TO THE ORPHANS' HOME.

Joe Bennett, of the South Side, to Become a Benedict soon—Other News Items of Interest Gathered Here and There.

The Allen lodge of Odd Fellows is preparing to send a box of goods, about Christmas time, to the Odd Fellows' Orphans' Home at Springfield. The object is a charitable one, and when the goods are received and distributed the many children there will be made happy. Donations of all kinds are being received. Toys, books, clothing, and everything that goes to please the fancy of children, or make them comfortable, the lodge is collecting, and they will be sent so they can be distributed to the children Christmas morning.

* *

According to a recent decision of the supreme court, says an exchange a mortgage is outlawed in fifteen years, the same as a note. It has been believed that a mortgage would hold twenty-one years and this is the first time the question has been decided in the state.

* *

One day last week a dog was run down and killed by a motor car, in front of Beeman's grocery on north Main street. The accident was witnessed by Joe Daller, from the window of his jewelry store, and rushing out into the street he identified the remains of the deceased canine as those of his pet dog Trixy. He lamented the accident and called the attention of several friends to the untimely fate of his pet. He made extensive arrangements for the interment of the remains and then returned to his place of business. Soon after a friend called at the store and saw Joe's dog, alive and uninjured, sitting quietly under one of the show cases. "Was that your dog that was run over?" he asked Mr. Daller. "Yes, he was cut in two," replied Joe, sorrowfully. "Why, he don't seem to be very badly hurt," said Joe's friend, as he coaxed the dog from beneath the show case and patted him on the head. Joe could scarcely believe his own eyes, but finally realized that he had buried someone else's dog.

* *

Joe Bennett, proprietor of the People's tea store, on the South Side, is soon to become a benedict, and a popular Toledo young lady is to Mrs. Bennett.

* *

The work on the Piqua, Sidney & St. Marys electric railway is progressing slowly. An effort is being made to collect the second assessment made some time ago. As soon as this is collected the work of surveying the road will be commenced. It is urged that the shareholders pay the assess-

[Continued on Fifth Page.]

Linens.

To-day we received a lot of Linens that are bargains in the fullest meaning of that word. Embroidered Dresser Scarfs, Table Covers and Pillow Shams to sell at

50c each:

equal to anything we have ever seen heretofore at 75c.

1t CARROLL & COONEY.

PASSENGER TRAIN

On the L. E. & W. Run Into by Findlay's Fire Department.

THE FIREMEN ALL ESCAPE,

But Two Horses Were Killed—Wagon Tongue Ran Through the Side of a Baggage Car—Other Railroad News of Interest.

A horrible accident and a loss of lives was narrowly averted at Findlay at 1 o'clock last night as west bound passenger train No. 3, due here at 2:25 o'clock on the L. E. & W., was pulling across north Main street in that city. A chemical wagon and four horses, belonging to the Findlay fire department, while responding to a fire alarm sent in from the northern part of the city, collided with the train at the Main street crossing. One of the horses was instantly killed and one other was so badly injured that it was immediately shot. Two teams were attached to the wagon on which were six men. Firemen William Earl and William Turner were on the seat, the latter guiding the head pair of horses and the former the other team. Seated upon the wagon, just behind the seat, was Fire Chief William C. Cox, while on the other side and a little further to the rear sat Fireman Joe Laycox. On the rear platform of the wagon stood Chief of Police Crouse and Alfred C. Crouse, a reporter for the Findlay *Republican.*

As the wagon passed the Arlington Hotel, which cuts off a view of the L. E. & W. track to the east, train 3 loomed up in front of the men on the wagon. To stop the horses was out of the question. However, the engine reached the crossing a few seconds ahead of the team and this alone prevented certain loss of life. Earl put the brakes hard down on the wagon and Turner managed to turn the front team of horses to the west. The next instant the wagon crashed into the front part of the baggage car. The head horses had been turned in time to escape running against the train, but the other pair were not so fortunate. They received the full force of the collision, but were not thrown under the train. The pole of the wagon crushed through the side of the baggage car and was broken off. The collision, of course, brought the wagon to a sudden stop, but none of the men were thrown from the vehicle. The dashboard and some other portions of the front of the chemical wagon were damaged, and the front and rear steps of the baggage car were also broken.

Train 3 was in charge of Conductor A. N. Ridenour and Engineer Chas Nutting, of this city. By reason of having reached the crossing ahead of the fire department, Engineer Nutting did not see the teams and knew nothing of the nature of the accident until after the train reached the depot. The wagon tongue, which went through the side of the baggage car, did some damage to a shipment of oysters inside the car.

ISSUE OF CLERGY PERMITS FOR 1897.

At a recent meeting of the Central Passenger Committee, it was decided that all annual clergy permits for 1897 should be issued by Mr. F. C. McDonald, Commissioner of the Central Passenger Committee, who will prepare a form of application for clergy permit, and they will be sup-

[Continued On Fifth Page.]

OIL NEWS.

What is Going On About the Local Petroleum Fields.

GOOD WELL AT PANDORA

Making One Hundred and Fifty Barrels a Day—Ottawa Hoping for an Oil Boom—The Bluffton Field—Other Oil News.

BLUFFTON FIELD.

The Ohio's Dan Harding No. 2 was shot last week and did 90 barrels the first 24 hours.

The Ohio's No. 7 on the J. D. Anderson farm was shot Wednesday and will be a good well.

The Ohio's No. 4 on the Zoph Harding farm has been completed and shot and is good for 40 barrels per day.

The Ohio's No. 3 on the Harr Ewing farm was completed and shot last week and is making a fair production.

The rig is completed for the Sam Swank No. 5 and is building No. 4 on the Geo. Battles and No. 6 on the Joseph Henry.

The Ohio is in the sand on the L. Henry No. 2 and expects to get the sand on the Cyrus Henry No. 1 the last of the week.

The Ohio's No. 2 on the B. Liechty farm will reach sand Thursday; the John Fisher No. 2. They have begun drilling on the J. D. Anderson No. 6 and are rigging up for John Lauby Jr. No. 1, the latter in Allen county.

The Bluffton Oil Co., who are drilling a well on the Reichenbach farm, just south of the Putnam Co. Oberly well in Riley township were seventeen feet in the sand Tuesday night, with every indication of getting a big well. When on a few feet in the sand they encountered a big flow of gas, which still continues, but not nearly so strong as they struck the fluid. At about twelve feet in they reached oil, and at the depth of seventeen feet there were about one thousand feet of fluid in the hole, which flowed out at the very slightest provocation. It is the intention of the company to go at least 40 feet into the sand, and if the well keeps on improving as they go down, as it did in the start, they will have a good well. It is about three miles north of the town and in territory that has been slightly tested, and if it proves good many more will probably be drilled in that vicinity. The company is composed of the following:

J. G. Steiner, G. F. Swank, S. Locher, Amos Geiger, D. D. Baumgartner and John Bixel.

NOTES.

There was no change in the oil markets to-day.

Toledo parties paid close to $1,000 for the oil privileges on an 80 in Wood county farm, with 5 wells producing a net daily output of 35 barrels.

Little has been heard, says the Ottawa *Gazette*, of the Watts oil field lately, but its owners continue the work of securing leases north and east of here. Next summer may bring us an oil boom.

A fine oil well is reported to have been drilled in two miles south of Pandora last Monday by the Putnam Oil company. It flowed and was estimated to be good for 150 barrels. One queer result was as the well owned by the same company near it increased its pumping from 15 to 40 barrels a day.

This is the Shoe

That no other store ever tried to match at this price.

$2.00

$2.00

It's one of the leaders in the Shoe business. It's one of the finest La Shoes that's made. Almost as dressy looking as the $3.00 kind, and fu comfort and good wear. Lace and button, any style toe you may fa and

ONLY $2.00 A PAIR.

THIS WEEK AT

GOODING'S

230 NORTH MAIN STREET.

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